1	Hearing Date:			
2	The Bellingham Hearing Examiner convened a virtual open record hearing on the request on June 8, 2022. The public hearing was continued to June 13, 2022 to			
3	complete public comment and party responses. After conclusion of the hearing on June			
		business days to allow for post-hearing written		
4	public comment from members of the pu	iblic who had technology-related barriers to		
5		additional time for responses to any timely		
6		ne post-hearing public comment was received, No in-person site visit was conducted, but the		
7	undersigned viewed the subject property			
8	Testimony:			
9	At the hearing the following individuals	presented testimony under oath:		
10	For the Applicant			
11	Ali Taysi, AVT Consulting LLC, Applicant's Representative			
12	Bridget Reeves, Lighthouse Mission, Chief Operating Officer			
13	Hans Erchinger-Davis, Lighthouse Mission, President and CEO			
14	Justin Reeves, Lighthouse Mission, Operations Manager			
15	For the City			
16	Kurt Nabbefeld, Development Service	ces Manager, City of Bellingham		
17	Tara Sundin, Community and Economic Development Manager, Bellingham			
18	Anya Gedrath, City of Bellingham P	lanner II		
19	Don Almer, Deputy Chief of Police			
	Public Comment			
20	Alice Cords	Danne Neill		
21	Johanna Morris	Alison Gallant		
22	Christina Morris	Arlene Feld		
	Brianne O'Hare	Joseph Wilson		
23	Jean Hamilton	Pam Ives		
24	Edwin Martinez	John Templeton		
25	Geoffrey Vogel	Cara Carbone Ken Bell		
	Wendy Powell Chris Eltrich	Keli Beli Kris O'Hare		
26	Cindy Louws	Stacy Bloch		
27	Scott Jones	Susan Jewell		
28	Rebecca Hutchins	Trista Moreno		
	Nick Vann	Karen Steen		
29		W		
30	l	OFFICE OF THE HEARING EXAMINE		

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CITY OF BELLINGHAM
210 LOTTIE STREET
BELLINGHAM, WA 98225
(360) 778-8399

1 2	Mary l Marla			Thomas Neumann
3	Exhibits:			
4	At the ope			d hearing, the following exhibits were admitted in the record:
5	Exhibit 1			ng and Community Development Department Staff Report including lowing attachments:
6		A.	La	nd Use Permit Application Materials:
7			1.	Site Plan, Floor Plans, Renderings, updated May 17, 2022
8			2.	Land Use Application, dated November 2, 2021
9			3.	Project Narrative, updated May 17, 2022
0				3.1 Facilities and Bed Numbers chart
11			4.	Operations Plan, updated May 17, 2022
12			5.	Parking Analysis, updated May 17, 2022
13			6.	Response to Request for Information #1, dated February 24, 2022
14			7.	Response to Request for Information #2, dated May 17, 2022
15 16			8.	Whatcom County Annual Report on Homelessness 2021 Annual Report, dated July 2021
17			9.	City of Bellingham Data on Homelessness
18 19			10.	. Stormwater Site Plan, prepared by Freeland & Associates, Inc., dated May 2022
20			11.	. Site and Context Photos
20			12.	. Background Information: aerial photos and maps
22			13.	. Applicable Sections of the Bellingham Comprehensive Plan
23		В.	Vi	cinity and Aerial Map
24		C.	Zo	ning and Comprehensive Plan Designation Map
25		D.	No	otices
26			1.	Neighborhood Meeting Notice and Posting Photos
27			2.	Notice of Complete Application, dated November 29, 2021
28			3.	Request for Information #1, dated December 2, 2021
29				
30	Findings C.	o a o la	i.	OFFICE OF THE HEARING EXAMINER

1		4. Notice of Application and Optional Determination of Non-Significance, dated March 24, 2022
3		5. Affidavit of Mailing, Mailing List, and Verification, issued March 24, 2022
4		6. Certificate of Posting and photos of posting, dated March 28, 2022
5		7. Request for Information #2, dated April 27, 2022
6 7		8. Notice of Public Hearing with Posting Certification and photos of posting, dated May 25, 2022
8	E.	SEPA Determination of Non-Significance (SEP2021-0044), issued May 24, 2022
9	F.	Design Review Permit (DR2021-0023) Decision, issued May 31, 2022
10	G.	Public Comments received prior to Notice of Public Hearing:
11		1. D. Susan Jewell email, April 12, 2022
12 13		2. Karen Steen emails, April 7, 2022, June 18, 2021, May 25, 2021, and April 7, 2021
14		3. Geoff Vogel email, April 7, 2022
15		4. Mary Friar email, April 5, 2022
		5. B. Belsher email, April 3, 2022
16		6. Jeff Pernick emails, March 26, 2022 and October 18, 2021
17		7. Thea Posch email, March 26, 2022
18		8. Ross and Laura Bailey email, March 26, 2022
19		9. Rios Nelson email, March 26, 2022
20		10. George Sherry email, March 25, 2022
21		11. John and Sandra Bruton emails, March 25, 2022, November 22, 2021 and October 17, 2021
22		12. Brian Smarts email, March 24, 2022
23		13. Jan Von Rossenvinge email, October 19, 2021
24		14. Nick Phillips email October 18, 2021
25		15. Angela Polito email, October 17, 2021
26		16. Ginger Decker email, October 16, 2021
27		17. Pam Ives email, October 15, 2021
28		18. Gary Beban email, October 8, 2021
29		19. Alison Gallant email, October 5, 2021
		20. Scott Jones email, October 5, 2021 Office of the Hearing Examiner
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1	21. Bri O'Hare email, October 5, 2021
2	22. Rebecca Hutchins email, October 5, 2021
	23. Kira Bravo email, October 5, 2021
3	24. Laurie McConkey email, July 16, 2021
4	25. LaVera Langeman emails, May 29, 2021 and May 13, 2021
5	26. Warren Sheay email, May 27, 2021
6	27. George Dyson email, May 27, 2021
7	28. Annie Shannahan email, January 1, 2021
8	29. Carol Eckoff email, April 15, 2022
	30. Johanna Morris email, April 21, 2022
9	31. Warren Page email, April 18, 2022
10	32. Ken and Alice Cords email, May 9, 2022
11	H. Police Reports for 1530 Cornwall Avenue / 910 W Holly Avenue
12	I. Public Comments received after Notice of Public Hearing:
13	1. Gerry Heaney email, May 30, 2022
14	2. Angie Patterson emails, May 30, 2022 and May 28, 2022
15	3. Chris Peterson email, May 28, 2022
16	4. Brady and Shirley Bobbink email, May 29, 2022
	5. LaVera Langeman email, May 29, 2022
17	6. Kris Johnson email, May 29, 2022
18	7. Jennifer Figgie email, May 30, 2022
19	8. David Nelson email, May 30, 2022
20	9. Diane Caruso email, May 30, 2022
21	10. Paul Peterson email, May 30, 2022
22	11. Chris Eltrich email, May 30, 2022
23	12. Lisa McCoy email, May 30, 2022
	13. Cindy Louws email, May 30, 2022
24	14. David Bradley email, May 30, 2022
25	15. Jeff Pernick email, May 30, 2022
26	16. Tom Thompson email, May 30, 2022
27	17. Combiz Jelveh email, May 30, 2022
28	18. Greg Bettencourt email, May 30, 2022
29	19. Scott Jones email, May 30, 2022

1	20. Lynne Nelson email, May 3	0, 2022
	21. Rebecca Hutchins emails, N	May 30, 2022 and October 5, 2021
2	22. Alison Gallant email, May	30, 2022
3	23. Bri O'Hare email, May 30,	2022
4	4 24. B. Belsher email, May 30, 2	2022
5	5 25. Karen Steen email, May 30	, 2022
6	6 26. Johanna Morris email, May	28, 2022
7	7 27. Cornelia Verdoes email, Ma	ay 27, 2022
	28. Allene Gail email, May 27,	2022
8	29. Marvin and Bernice Vreugo	lenhil email, May 27, 2022
9	30. Julie Johansen email, May 2	27, 2022
10	10 31. Julie Gerbrandt email, May	27, 2022
11	32. Greg Smith email, May 27	2022
12	12 33. Elaine Taylor email, May 2	7, 2022
13	34. Sarah Murphy-Kangas ema	il, May 27, 2022
14	35. Carrie Fenner email, May 2	7, 2022
	36. Ian Cairns email, May 26, 2	022
15	37. Barbara Goebel email, May	27, 2022
16	16 38. Michael Senti email, May 2	7, 2022
17	17 39. Ryan Jensema email, May 2	27, 2022
18	18 40. John and Sandra Bruton em	ails, May 27, 2022 and May 26, 2022
19	19 41. Nancy Sheehy email, May 2	26, 2022
20	42. Natalie Baloy email, May 2	6, 2022
	J. City of Bellingham Hearing Exa	miner Decision in the consolidated
21	appears TE-10 TE-000 and TE	18-PL-009, related to the Drop-In
22		•
23	Exhibit 2 Notice of Appearance and Memoral Carmichael Clark PS, dated June 3,	
24	24	
25	Exhibit 3 Public Comments received prior to	-
26	1. Paul Manzi & Susan Reece 26 2. Laurie Hagen McConkey en	- ,
27		
28	5. John Stark Chan, Jane 6, 20	
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30	Findings, Conclusions, and Decision Page 6 of 58 H:/DATA/HEARING EXAMINER/DECISIONS/Lighthouse Mission	CITY OF BELLINGHAM 210 LOTTIE STREET

1		6. Pam Ives email, June 8, 2022
2		7. Karin Gunderson emails, June 8, 2022 and June 5, 2022
		8. Ginger Decker email, June 7, 2022
3		9. Joseph Wilson email, June 6, 2022
4		10. Kathy Gayda email, June 6, 2022
5		11. John Epps email, June 5, 2022
6		12. Gary Beban email, June 3, 2022
7		13. Danne Neill email, June 6, 2022
8		14. Marissa McGrath email, June 6, 2022
9	15. Karin Gunderson email, dated June 5, 2022	
		16. LaVera Langeman email, June 5, 2022
10		17. Connie Pilon email, June 3, 2022
11		18. John Crews email, June 3, 2022
12		19. Zach Cook email, June 2, 2022
13		20. Janet Crews email, June 1, 2022
14		21. Linda Pilon email, June 1, 2022
15		22. Jonathan Scanlon email, June 1, 2022
		23. David Laney email, June 1, 2022
16	E 1717/4	24. Steffany Raynes email, May 31, 2022
17	Exhibit 4	Updated Shelter Protection Area ordinance and boundary map
18	Exhibit 5	Applicant PowerPoint presentation slides
19	Exhibit 6	Tara Sundin PowerPoint presentation slides
20	Exhibit 7	Planning Staff PowerPoint presentation slides, dated June 8, 2022
21	Exhibit 8	Public Comments received at Public Hearing:
22		1. William P. Bryant email, June 13, 2022
23		2. Bri O'Hare email, June 13, 2022
24		3. Geoffrey Vogel emails, June 13, 2022
25		4. Stacy Bloch email, June 13, 2022
26		5. Brian Smart email, June 13, 2022
		6. Scott Jones email, June 13, 2022
27		7. Danne Neill email, June 13, 2022
28		8. Saundra Fitzgerald email, June 9, 2022
29		9. Erik Dyrland email, June 10, 2022
30	Page 7 of 58	OFFICE OF THE HEARING EXAMINER CITY OF BELLINGHAM 210 LOTTIE STREET ARING EXAMINER/DECISIONS/Lighthouse Mission 910 W. Holly St. CUP Decision BELLINGHAM, WA 98225 (360) 778-8399

1	10. Marla Bronstein email, June 9, 2022			
2	Exhibit 9 Post-hearing public comment:			
3	1. Rosie Crow email, June 14, 2022			
4	Exhibit 10 City Staff Final Written Responses to public comment, submitted June 17, 2022			
5 6 7	Exhibit 11 AVT Consulting transmittal memorandum with attached Applicant Final Response to Public Comment & the Hearing Examiner's Questions, dated June 17, 2022			
8 9 10	After considering the testimony and exhibits submitted, the Hearing Examiner enters the following findings and conclusions:			
11	FINDINGS			
12	Site and Context			
13	1. Lighthouse Mission Inc. (Applicant) requested approval of a conditional use permit (CUP) to allow reconstruction of an existing large interim housing			
14	facility. The existing Light House Mission property is proposed to be			
15 16	redeveloped with a new larger structure to be put to the same use. The facility would be permanently used primarily as a low-barrier shelter for individuals experiencing homelessness, with additional specialized shelters, services,			
17	gathering spaces, administrative functions, and three commercial spaces fronting W. Holly Street. <i>Exhibit 1 and 1.A.</i>			
18				
19	2. The Applicant, also known as Lighthouse Mission Ministries (LMM), has 58 staff and approximately 1,100 volunteers annually and is privately funded by			
20	individuals, churches, businesses, foundations, and other organizations.			
21	Founded in 1923, LMM currently works throughout Whatcom County on its mission of breaking the cycle of homelessness by providing meals, shelter, case			
22	management, recovery support, and counseling. In addition to the current low barrier shelter known as Basecamp, LMM operates a recovery shelter for men			
2324	(Ascent Program), a recovery shelter for women and children (Agape Home),			
25	and several outreach programs (Street Connect and Shower Connect) to provide resources at different locations around Bellingham for people experiencing			
26	homelessness. Last year, LMM served 600 ⁺ meals each day and sheltered 200			
27	to 300 individuals each night. Although a religious organization, LMM does not require participation in religious activities as a prerequisite for admission or			
28	a requirement to access services. Exhibit 1.A4 (see Mission Statement, page 1).			
20				

Approximately 20,119 square feet in area, the rectangular property addressed as 3. 910 W. Holly Street, Bellingham (the subject property) is made of up of eight 2 historic, platted lots.² Currently, the subject property is developed with the approximately 9,822 square foot multistory building known as the Light House Mission, with associated paved parking and storage areas. The Applicant has operated an interim housing facility in the neighborhood since 1923, and the Mission has been at the subject property since the mid-1970s. Exhibits 1, 1.43, 1.F. and 1.J. 6

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- The subject property decreases in elevation by approximately 10 feet from Astor 4. Street to Holly Street. It contains no steep slopes, wetlands, streams, or other environmentally sensitive areas regulated by the City's critical areas ordinance, established in Bellingham Municipal Code (BMC) Chapter 16.55. Exhibits 1.A3 and 1.F.
- 5. Three streets abut the subject property: it fronts W. Holly Street; F Street abuts the northwest side boundary, and Astor Street abuts its rear boundary to the northeast. All three are 60-foot rights-of-way; each is improved with two-way travel lanes and no on-street parking. Designated as primary arterials W. Holly and F Streets are fully improved with curbs, gutters, and 5.5-foot wide sidewalks along the subject property's frontage. Designated as a residential access street. Astor Street is improved to minimum street standard with no curb, gutter, or sidewalks abutting the site. None of the abutting streets meets the Old Town Subarea Plan standards. Exhibits 1, 1.A1, and 1.F.
- Located in Area 10 of the Lettered Streets Neighborhood, the subject property 6. has a Commercial zoning designation. It is located within the City Center Design Review District, subject to the standards in Bellingham Municipal Code (BMC) Chapter 20.25, and the Old Town Overlay District, subject to the standards in BMC Chapter 20.35. The property is designated Commercial by the Bellingham Comprehensive Plan land use map. Exhibit 1.
- Surrounding land uses include a mix of residential and commercial uses on 7. parcels that share the subject property's zoning, overlay, and neighborhood designations. The abutting parcel to the southeast is largely vacant. Across W. Holly Street to the south is another property owned by the Applicant, which is developed with the Lighthouse Mission New Life Center. Across F Street to the

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² The legal description of the property is: Lots 9 through 16, Block 12, Supplemental Map of Whatcom, City of Bellingham, Whatcom County, Washington. Assessor's parcel number: 380225 545367 000. Exhibit 1.

west is a gas station with parking lot. The subject property is accessible by public transit (Whatcom Transportation Authority (WTA) stops #2183, #3058, #2182) with multiple bus routes that go downtown, and it is within walking or biking distance of grocery stores, multiple businesses, potential employers, social services, and health clinics. Exhibits 1 and 1.F; Google Maps site view.

- 8. Development of the proposal requires approval of Type II and Type III-A permits. The Type II design review permit, administratively reviewed and decided by the Planning Department, is required because of its location within the Old Town Overlay District and City Center Design Review District. Required pursuant to BMC 20.35.065.C.4 and BMC 20.15A.020, the conditional use permit is subject to a Type III-A process and decided by the Hearing Examiner. Consistent with BMC 21.10.050, the Applicant did not request consolidated review of the applications. The Planning Department reviewed and approved the design review permit (DR2021-0023) on May 31, 2022 subject to 25 conditions. Exhibits 1 and 1.F. Of note, the interim housing use is the use subject to CUP review and approval; the proposed administrative offices and commercial spaces fronting Holly Street are allowed outright.
- Currently, Lighthouse Mission Ministries/the Applicant serves approximately 9. 150 people in Old Town at the following facilities:
 - 50-bed recovery program for men at 923 W. Holly Street (Ascent Program);
 - 60 beds recovery program for women and children at 1215 F Street (Agape Home); and
 - 40 emergency/overflow beds for winter shelter at 1013 W. Holly Street.

In addition to services in Old Town, the Applicant operates its current drop-in center (DIC) at the former Public Market at 1530 Cornwall Avenue. The DIC was initially approved at 1013 W. Holly Street, but at the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic, it was relocated to Bellingham High School in order to allow adequate social distancing. When students returned to in-person classes, the DIC was again relocated to its current Cornwall Avenue location and renamed Basecamp, where it provides 200 low barrier beds for men and women under a temporary building encampment permit (USE2020-0029). The temporary building encampment permit runs from July 15, 2020 to June 17, 2024 (three years plus an option of an additional one-year extension for a total duration of four years.) Per BMC 20.15.060, temporary building encampments are temporary in nature and may not be approved for more than five years.

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Proposal The proposal would demolish the existing (and currently vacant) Mission

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³ Per BMC 20.08.020, "interim housing" means a facility that: A. Includes overnight sleeping accommodations for those who are homeless on entry, whether generally or for specific populations (e.g., youth, those with mental health challenges, families with young children, and seniors); B. Is located in a building or other permanent structure; C. Is of longer operational duration than a temporary shelter; D. Hosts residents on a daily, weekly, monthly, or multiple-month basis; and E. Includes a sponsor and managing agency.

⁴ A "large interim housing facility" means between 41 and 200 beds, per BMC 20.15A.050. Facilities with more than 200 beds require a waiver.

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include:

Day room

Exterior covered decks

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extensive search for a permanent location. Two primary factors in the site search included: 1) that the location needs to facilitate access to other services by guests of the shelter and be walkable from the urban core; and 2) consolidating Applicant programs in one building provides significant efficiencies in programming and economic considerations, effectively leveraging the Applicant's budget. The final conclusion of this search was that the best option was to preserve the use at the location where it has existed for nearly 50 years, on real property already owned by the Applicant, at the Light House Mission at 910 W. Holly Street. Exhibit 1; Hans Erchinger-Davis Testimony.

building and associated parking and storage structures, and redevelop the site

location, which would facilitate and streamline administrative functions. The

interim housing facility.⁴ The proposal is to provide approximately 200 beds in

two primary low barrier shelters and 100 beds in multiple individual "micro-

proposed new building would be five stories tall and contain approximately

80,000 square feet of floor area, and would continue to be used as a large

shelters" for men, women, and families with specialized care needs. The request for a total of 300 permanent beds requires a waiver pursuant to BMC

20.15A.020 and .050. Proposed programming in the new building would

Three entrepreneur commercial spaces Facility maintenance department

Storage for donations, food, and programs

with a larger building containing the same "large" "interim housing" use.³ The proposed new facility is intended to consolidate many Mission services in one

In anticipation of Basecamp's permit expiration, the Applicant undertook an

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above W. Holly Street. The third floor would include administrative offices,

meeting rooms, a small storage room for functions of the chapel, bathrooms, and

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which would also serve as a classroom and community hall. Exhibits 1.A, 1.A1, and 1.A3.

two exterior covered decks for micro-shelter program guests, and the chapel,

The 140 proposed men's low-barrier shelter beds and 60 women's low barrier shelter beds, to be located on the fourth floor of the new building, would replace the existing beds currently provided by the Applicant at Basecamp on Cornwall Avenue. The segregated men's and women's dorms would each have their own restrooms and covered outdoor patio area. Guests who have stayed the night before are allowed to reserve their beds, keeping their belongings in the storage areas. Available beds are assigned to new guests on a first come, first served basis. Each bed has built in, secure storage under the mattress. Guests who check-in and stay during the day, or who leave but intend to return, are allowed to leave their belongings in their secure storage locker. This means guests do not have to take all their belongings with them when they leave for appointments. For this reason, the storage is expected to reduce the incidence of personal items being temporarily stored and/or discarded in public places. The Applicant proposes daytime staffing of six to eight employees to supervise and assist the guests in the low barrier shelter plus volunteers during the day and three employees at night. Also on the fourth floor, a flex dorm would provide another 24 beds for unique emergency shelter needs as they arise. Exhibit 1.A3.1; Testimony of Bridget Reeves and Hans Erchinger-Davis.

The fifth floor would be improved with offices, restrooms, a kids' playroom, living room, kitchenette, dining room, storage room, and the majority of the proposed micro-shelters. These new programs are intended to provide shelter and services for individuals not currently able to access the services they need through the low barrier shelter and, as a result, remain living on the streets in a state of chronic homelessness. The micro-shelters, which have eligibility criteria that differ from each other and from the low barrier shelter, are organized into dorms separated by bed type, each with its own restrooms and covered exterior patio. The proposed men's behavioral health micro-shelter would serve up to 13 men with behavioral health needs, who would be provided more intensive case management, space to be during the daytime away from the general day room and would be connected with outside behavioral health support. These 13 beds would replace the current 10 beds of this kind offered in the Men's Recovery Program. Thirteen additional beds for medically fragile or elderly men would be provided in a separate dorm. A separate family shelter would provide 26 beds for up to six families. A women's behavioral health micro-shelter would serve up to 12 women with behavioral health needs, who would be provided more intensive case management, space to be during the

daytime away from the general day room and would be connected with outside behavioral health support. Twelve beds would be provided in a separate dorm for medically fragile or elderly women. Except for 10 men's behavioral health beds, none of these services are currently provided by the Applicant in Bellingham. The Applicant proposes two to four daytime employees to supervise and assist guests in the fifth-floor micro-shelters, in addition to partner agency service providers who would be on site during the days, and one employee overnight. *Exhibits 1, 1.A, 1.A1, 1.A3, and 1.A3.1*.

- 15. The proposal includes a request for permission to operate an overflow emergency shelter to serve unhoused persons during extreme weather and natural disaster events (e.g. hard freeze and snow, extreme heat, smoke, significant flooding, etc.) or public emergencies on an as needed basis. To be provided in the third floor chapel, these 100 additional emergency beds are not intended for day-to-day use, specific programming, or other regular occupancy. These beds would replace the 40 beds of this type that were provided at the old Drop-in Center at 1013 W. Holly Street. The Applicant proposes to enlist two volunteers to supervise/assist guests during emergency shelter operation. The 100 emergency beds would be regulated as a temporary building encampment in BMC Chapter 20.15 and would be exempt from permitting requirements so long as they comply with the provisions at BMC 20.15.100. *Exhibits 1, 1.A, 1.A1, and 1.A3.1*.
- 16. In operating the proposed large interim housing facility, the Applicant intends to continue to collaborate with staff from other agencies on-site and off-site at other existing facilities. The proposal plus these additional off-site facilities would result in approximately 410 people served daily in Old Town as follows:
 - 300 beds on site (200 low barrier beds + 100 specialized shelter beds);
 - 60 beds at the Agape Home at 1215 F Street, which is an existing recovery program for women and children; and
 - 50 beds in the Ascent Program at 923 W. Holly Street, which is an existing recovery program for homeless men.

Thus, the instant proposal would constitute a 126 bed increase over the Applicant's capacity prior to the pandemic, and a 260 bed increase over the

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⁵ Pursuant to BMC 20.15.100, an "emergency" is an unanticipated and imminent threat to public health, safety, or the environment that requires immediate action within a time frame too short to allow strict compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

Interim Housing Standards

- 17. The new building is proposed to be built to the property line along most of the F Street frontage and approximately 17 feet from Astor Street. Based on guidance from Public Works about required frontage improvement, it would be set back approximately seven feet along the W. Holly Street frontage to accommodate frontage improvements, including intersection ADA ramping, the signal pole, and ADA access to the building. Along the Astor Street side of the structure, improvements include a bike storage facility with space for 36 bikes, ADA ramping, a garden area, raised landscape beds, and garbage and recycling dumpsters accessed by a driveway that would also provide off-street parking for emergency services vehicles. A low perforated metal screen is proposed along the bike storage and garden area to create a project boundary at the street edge. Due to the slope of the site, a portion of the first floor would be below grade along Astor and F Streets, which would make the "second floor" entry to the low barrier shelter actually at ground level. Exhibits 1, 1.A1, and 1.A3.1.
- 18. The Old Town Overlay District development standards established in BMC Chapter 20.35 require improvements along the site frontages including widened sidewalks, landscaping, street trees, and utilities. Compliance with these provisions would be determined through the building permit review process. New water and sewer connections to existing water and sewer mains that abut the site would be made in all three frontages. Stormwater mains abut the subject property in F and Astor Streets. There are existing fire hydrants at the intersection of W. Holly and F Streets and at Astor and F Streets. *Exhibit 1.A3*.
- 19. The Applicant conducted a parking analysis of the existing demand generated by the services the Applicant provides at the several locations whose operations would be consolidated into the proposed redeveloped Mission building. Counting all vehicles parked at 910 W. Holly Street, and at Basecamp, and the New Life Center (923 W. Holly Street) on six different days during Lighthouse Mission's busiest hours (with the most staff on shift) over a period of two weeks in January 2021 to arrive at high-use parking averages for each location. The parking counts included staff, service providers, shelter guests, and volunteers. Basecamp, where the current low barrier shelter is operating, had a peak demand of eight stalls and averaged 6.3 stalls, even at full capacity (200 guests). The parking study provided a high-demand average of 28.7 vehicles for all three locations, and a highest total count of 31 vehicles. *Exhibit 1.A5*.

In the new facility with the three operations consolidated, the Applicant 21. anticipates a maximum of 26 staff members (each with a vehicle) at once, up to five volunteer vehicles, and up to three community partner vehicles at any given time. Additionally, the Applicant owns and operates 12 vehicles that would need to be parked. A small percentage of shelter guests would be likely to have vehicles, which as calculated above is expected to result in an average of five guest vehicles at any given time. Because the commercial units would be operated by shelter guests, and customers would be able to utilize on-street parking, the commercial units are not anticipated to generate additional parking demand. The Applicant submitted that having 26 staff members parking at the facility at the same time would be a very rare occasion and that therefore, using 26 as the number of staff parking stalls provides a conservative, or worst-case scenario, total parking demand of 51 parking stalls at a time. Exhibits 1.A3 and

1.A5; Testimony of Bridget Reeves, Hans Erchinger-Davis, and Justin Reeves.

22. To address the parking demand calculated above, the proposal would provide 52 parking stalls: seven on-site garage parking stalls accessed from W. Holly Street, seven off-site parking stalls at the New Life Center building at 923 W. Holly Street, and 38 off-site leased parking stalls on Port-owned property two blocks (approximately 700 feet) from the subject property along Roeder Avenue in front of All American Marine and connected to the subject property by existing public sidewalks. The parking lease arrangement is proposed to have a five-year duration, during which time the Applicant and City would be able to monitor actual parking demand and evaluate the necessity and/or numbers of leased stalls going forward. Regarding allocation of the available stalls, two of the Applicant-owned vehicles would park on site, three would park across the Street at 923 W. Holly Street, and the remaining seven would park in the leased stalls. The remaining five on-site stalls and seven stalls at the 923 W. Holly Street would be used by volunteers, community partners, and other parking demands. Lighthouse staff and guests would be required to park in the leased stalls. Of note, there are up to 79 stalls on-street parking stalls within a 500-foot

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⁶ Lighting was addressed in the issued design review permit (DR2021-0023), which states that "Exterior lighting on the building shall be downlit and shielded with cutoff fixtures as much as physically possible, and contained to the project area (abutting sidewalks, for example). Entrances and areas susceptible to loitering should be well-lit." The permit required that a lighting plan be submitted and reviewed at time of building permit. Exhibit 1.F.

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proposed in the new building could park. Exhibits 1.A3 and 1.A5; see also Exhibit 5, slide 20; Justin Reeves Testimony; BMC 20.15A.020.M. The Applicant submitted, and Planning Staff agreed, that use of the leased stalls 23.

radius of the subject property, in which customers of the commercial spaces

and the occasional use of street stalls by Applicant staff would increase the presence of Lighthouse Mission Ministries staff in the neighborhood, which is anticipated to have positive side effects. From a "crime prevention through environmental design" (CPTED) perspective, staff parking in the area is a form of natural surveillance and territorial reinforcement - two passive CPTED strategies that have been shown to significantly reduce crime. Having Staff eyes on the street is expected to be a deterrent to negative activities, because staff would be more aware of and have opportunities to engage with the community outside the building about undesirable activities in the area while traveling to and from their vehicles. Exhibits 1 and 1.A3; Justin Reeves Testimony.

Addressing the use-specific standards for large interim housing uses established in BMC 20.15A.020, the Applicant offered the following. The proposed use is allowed in the underlying commercial zoning district subject to the instant Type III-A process. The proposed 300 permanent shelter beds in the overall 80,000 square foot building satisfy the minimum floor area requirement of 35 square feet per bed. The proposed structure would be designed to meet 2018 International Building Code Standards, or standards that are current at the time of building permit application. All exterior lighting would be low-intensity, shielded, and downward-facing, and the building permit application would include a photometric site lighting plan designed to ensure that no light from the project extends off-site.⁶ Trash receptacles meeting City standards would be provided throughout the facility. Staff and guests would participate in regular trash patrols of the immediate vicinity, which requirement would be memorialized in the Operations Plan. An identified point of contact information would be posted on site 24/7 and would be provided to BPD. Current partner agencies include the Homeless Outreach Team, GRACE and LEAD team, SeaMar, Lake Whatcom Treatment Center, Compass Health, Pioneer Center North, Bellingham Public Library, Northwest Youth Services, Unity Care NW,

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Regarding staffing, the Applicant proposes to have staff at the facility 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The proposal calls for a minimum of six to eight staff specifically serving the shelter function of the facility from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. During the business day, additional Applicant employees who perform administrative functions would also be in the building and available in situations calling for additional staff. There are also volunteers and partner agency representatives on site during business hours. A minimum of three staff are proposed to supervise and assist guests overnight from 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. Staff are trained in emergency protocol, airborne and blood borne pathogen protocol, de-escalation, Trauma-Informed Care, Mandatory Reporting, CPTED, suicide prevention, the culture of poverty, addiction, and boundaries. The proposed facility would have a higher ratio of staff to guests than is the case at the current Basecamp location because administrative and operational staff would be on-site at the new facility who are not currently based on-site at the Cornwall location. The Applicant submitted that it has experience managing the guest population with the proposed staffing numbers and that the increase in staffing proposed at the new facility does not reflect or cause any staff to guest ratio concerns. Exhibits 1, 1.A3, 1.A7, and 11; Bridget Reeves Testimony; BMC 20.15A.020.R.

- Regarding the pedestrian and bicycle connectivity standard of BMC 26. 20.15A.020.N, the Applicant noted that the existing and proposed improved sidewalks along the site's three frontages connect to a variety of services near the site, including downtown, grocery stores, other retail services, and bicycle lanes. The subject property is within 0.1 miles of multiple transit stops along W. Holly Street. The property is within the service areas of Parkview Elementary, Whatcom Middle, and Bellingham High Schools, all three of which are accessible by existing / proposed sidewalks and by bike routes / marked bike lanes connecting to the site. The school bus stop for Parkview Elementary School is at the intersection of G and Bancroft Streets, which is connected by accessible by pedestrian paths to the site. That said, no unaccompanied children are invited to stay; children would only be in the facility with families in the family micro-shelter. Exhibit 1.A3; BMC 20.15A.020.T.
- Addressing use-specific public health standards, the Applicant stated that its 27. current practices regarding food donations are consistent with applicable USDA, WSDA, and Whatcom County Health Department standards. In the new building, the Applicant would continue to implement best practice food safety

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standards in cooperation with the health department. The plans call out a certain number of restroom facilities, but the Applicant is currently working with the City and the Health Department to verify the adequacy of toilet facilities and plans can be amended to reflect the determination of the Health Department. Exhibits 1 and 1.A3; BMC 20.15A.020.J and .K.

The proposed building was designed to provide internal room for queuing 28. during check-in for each shelter type. The primary entry directly connects to the internal waiting area to facilitate ease of access and staff coordination of guests during peak hours. This design choice resulted from the difficulties experienced at the former drop-in center initially operated at 1013 W. Holly Street, where queuing for check-in occurred on the public sidewalk and resulted in significant conflicts with other uses in the neighborhood. In that building, the main area needed to be cleared twice a day to clean and set up beds, and then to take down beds and clean for day use. The new building provides separate sleeping and day use areas such that guests would be able to stay inside while checking into the dorms for the night. No queuing on F Street is anticipated. Additionally, the site design includes monitored outdoor spaces, including two large decks facing W. Holly Street, several smaller decks serving micro-shelter populations, and on-site areas near the main entry that are separated from the public right-of-way. Shelter guests would have the opportunity to spend time outdoors without being in public spaces. The building is set back from the sidewalk along Astor Street

29. Consistent with BMC 20.15A.020.Q, the record contains the Applicant's operations plan. This plan addresses the seven required areas of interest identified in the code, including: staffing/staff responsibilities; facility management including emergency plan; facility maintenance; provision of human and social services, with staffing and outcomes; outreach to surrounding property owners, businesses, and a "good neighbor" policy; accurate record keeping; and detailed guest responsibilities including adherence to a signed contract acknowledging the code of conduct. Some excerpted provisions in the operations plan include (among other items): mandatory guest compliance with code of conduct; continual staff monitoring perimeter of the facility; ongoing engagement with Bellingham Police Department; no drug or alcohol use while on site; no weapons (guests would be required to check weapons in with staff, who would keep all weapons in a locked room while guests are on the premises); no physical or verbal aggression or bullying is tolerated; developed

to give staff more authority over outdoor activities, because they would be occurring on private property. Loitering around the building in the public right-

of-way would be discouraged. This design is intended to reduce the likelihood

of negative behaviors occurring outside. Exhibit 1.A3; BMC 20.15A.020.O.

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29 30 protocol in place for staff to make emergency calls as needed; guests are encouraged to help with general morning clean-up duties; only two guests are allowed outside to smoke at a time, and they would be supervised by staff; and no loitering on or around the premises or outside the perimeter fence after hours (7:00 p.m. to 6:30 a.m.). Exhibit 1.A4. In addition, the Applicant maintains a database of over 22,000 guests who have stayed in its facilities since it began operating and would continue to update the database daily. New guests go through an intake process that includes admission paperwork and an in-person conversation with staff to gather necessary identifying and demographic information. Registered sex offenders are not accommodated at the facility. If Staff becomes aware that a guest checking in has an active felony warrant, the Applicant maintains a protocol for addressing such situations with BPD. Exhibit 1.A3; BMC 20.15A.020.V, .W, and .Y.

30. As part of its good neighbor policy, LMM intends to maintain a line of communication with the community surrounding the new facility to accept feedback and provide resources. Community members and businesses would be invited to raise concerns that are specific to the site and operations. The Applicant employs a dedicated Downtown Bellingham Liaison staff member whose role is to support Old Town residents and businesses with issues related to homelessness. The Applicant employs a dedicated litter patrol staff member seven days a week to pick up litter around the 910 W. Holly Street building and surrounding areas and also engages community and service groups and local faith organizations to clean up Old Town. A neighbor advisory forum, started by the Applicant, meets bi-weekly to discuss issues/problems and to devise and implement tangible solutions for surrounding property owners. This forum is a group composed of neighboring businesses, landowners, social workers, Bellingham Police Department representatives, and LMM's Downtown Bellingham Liaison. The Applicant provides to surrounding businesses referral cards, which contain basic information about the services available at the facility and a coupon for free espresso at the cafe. Exhibit 1.A4; Hans Erchinger-Davis Testimony.

Request for Waiver to Allow 300 Permanent Beds

Pursuant to BMC 20.15A.020.A, large (or larger) interim housing facilities are those that serve up to 200 individuals. Pursuant to Note 2 to the interim housing use table at BMC 20.15A.020.A, "experienced managing agencies with programs that include multiple facilities serving varying populations of people experiencing homelessness may request a waiver from the maximum number of adults for a larger interim housing facility per BMC 10.15A.050." The Applicant requests a waiver of the 200-person limit in support of the opportunity

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to serve 300 individuals in the redeveloped facility on site, 200 in the low barrier shelter and an additional 100 individuals in the various micro-shelters. *Exhibit* 1.A3; Testimony of Ali Taysi and Hans Erchinger-Davis.

- In support of their request for waiver, the Applicant offered the following 32. information. Lighthouse Mission Ministries submitted that it is an experienced managing agency consistent with the interim housing provisions. The redeveloped facility has been designed to separate various vulnerable populations into micro-shelters within the building, which would reduce safety concerns for guests, staff, and volunteers within the facility. The specialized micro-shelters are located on the fifth floor with separate spaces for each program and separate elevator access, separate men's and women's restrooms, exterior covered decks, and administrative spaces. The family shelter area would provide separate sleeping spaces for each family, separate bathroom facilities, and a separate building entrance on W. Holly Street. During intake, guests would be taken directly to their respective program areas via the stairway and/or the elevator. These design elements would reduce points of conflict between the various programs and allow for better staff management. In addition, CPTED principles have been incorporated into the interior and exterior design of the building, including design features to discourage loitering, interior and exterior security cameras, and off-street outdoor spaces that would be predominantly situated on decks elevated above street grade to reduce interface with pedestrians, among other elements. Increased staffing is proposed to manage the increased guest counts. Exhibit 1.A3.
- 33. The additional 100 beds in the six micro-shelters (family, men's behavioral health, women's behavioral health, men's medical respite, women's medical respite, and "flex") are dedicated to specialized programs serving the most vulnerable homeless populations, who require the most care and supervision. Only individuals meeting screening criteria would be admitted to these programs. The Applicant submitted that individuals from these populations, being separately accommodated and provided access to services, would be less likely to generate impacts outside or inside the facility if the waiver is granted than they would be if it is not. Specifically, the Applicant argued that the segregated, small populations served by the program would not result in greater impacts to the community surrounding the facility and guests within the program than the 200 low barrier shelter guests alone would generate if the waiver were not granted. The design and operational elements incorporated into building design and overall programming would mitigate potential health and safety impacts for facility residents and neighbors from the increased bed count. Exhibit 1.A3.

Distinguishing the proposed use of the chapel as a separate emergency shelter 34. 1 during life-threatening inclement weather or other emergencies from the request 2 to increase the maximum size of the "large" interim housing shelter from 200 to 300 permanent beds, Planning Staff recommended a condition of approval that 3 would limit the facility's capacity to 300 guests and noted that any additional 4 shelter (including the referenced emergency shelter for up to 100 persons) would require a separate application for temporary building encampment under BMC 5 20.15 unless it adheres to the restrictions established in BMC 20.15.100. With 6 such a condition, the Applicant submitted, and Planning Staff agreed, that the proposal to increase the capacity above 200, adding another 100 permanent beds 7 in micro-shelters for specialized populations, would not increase impacts to the 8 surrounding neighborhood beyond the impacts that would be generated by the 9 200 beds allowed without waiver. Specifically, Staff submitted that the waiver would not result in greater health and safety impacts to facility residents or to 10 the neighboring community than would occur if the proposal were limited to 200 11 beds. Planning Staff submitted that the Applicant has a strong record of providing shelter and services to individuals facing homelessness and is just 12 such an agency appropriate for wavier as was contemplated when the waiver 13 provisions were created. With the recommended conditions, Staff submitted that the modification to allow 300 permanent beds would result in a safe facility, 14 with minimal negative impacts to the community, and should be approved. 15 Exhibits 1 and 10; Testimony of Anya Gedrath and Kurt Nabbefeld.

Conditional Use Standards

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In the City of Bellingham, criteria for condition use permit approval require a project proponent to demonstrate that a given proposal would promote the health, safety, and general welfare of the community. BMC 20.16.010.B(1). The Applicant submitted, and City Staff agreed, that the individuals who would be served by the proposal are part of the community, and that providing shelter and services to them promotes the welfare of the community as a whole, and also that serving this vulnerable population benefits the rest of the community. Both Applicant and Staff representatives submitted information indicating that the number of people experiencing homelessness is rising sharply in Washington, propelled by the shortage of affordable housing and poorly funded mental health and substance abuse systems. This trend reflects a nation-wide increase in in virtually all areas experiencing economic and population growth. Whatcom County's Point-in-Time Census of Homeless Residents indicates that from 2012 to 2018, the homeless population grew from 493 to 815 people. In 2019, this number rose to 700, and in 2020 it was 707. The published 2021 Point in Time (PIT) Count Report for Whatcom County identified 859 individuals known to be experiencing homelessness, which is the highest

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- Applicant and Staff representatives submitted that providing sleeping 36. accommodations, food, hygiene facilities, and access to necessary services is a benefit not only to those served but to the community at large by preventing those served from having to live out in the open within the community, which condition causes impacts to the host neighborhood. The proposal would increase the number of persons currently able to be served by more than 100 (detailed in Finding 16 above). As a result of the proposed micro-shelters, some of the hardest to serve individuals currently living in the open in Bellingham would now have access to shelter and the services needed to begin the transition out of homelessness. By including an additional 100 beds for emergency shelter situations within the purpose-designed/built facility, the proposal maximizes efficient service provision and reduces the chances that persons experiencing homelessness in Bellingham will die due to exposure, while simultaneously maximizing the opportunity to reach those in need of information about available services. The Applicant submitted, and Planning Staff agreed, that the design of the building, ongoing compliance with interim housing regulations, and ongoing compliance with the recommended conditions of permit approval would maintain and protect the health, safety, and general welfare of the community. Exhibits 1, 1.A3, and 1.A6; Testimony of Ali Taysi and Hans Erchinger-Davis.
- Pursuant to BMC 20.15A.020.A, larger interim housing uses are allowed in 37. Commercial general use type, which legislative determination demonstrates that the instant proposal is consistent with the purpose and intent of the subject property's zoning. More specifically relating to the instant proposal, an interim housing use has been in operation onsite for approximately 45 years. Further, the three proposed commercial spaces fronting W. Holly Street would be consistent with the commercial zoning. Exhibit 1; Anya Gedrath Testimony.
- The Applicant submitted that the proposed facility would generate impacts that 38. are common in a commercial zone, including pedestrian, bicycle, and vehicular traffic, noise, or visual impacts from the structure. In light of concerns that interim housing facilities can draw more persons experiencing homelessness to a given shelter, and that neighbors report impacts from the existing homeless population in the neighborhood, the Applicant incorporated operational and design features into the facility intended to address such previously encountered impacts as those that resulted from the operation of the Drop-In Center at 1013 W. Holly Street. These features include:

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- Indoor and outdoor waiting areas outside of the public right-of-way to prevent queuing or loitering, refuse, and continual interaction with pedestrians in the right-of-way;
- CPTED principles and security features including cameras, designed lighting, physical separation between the facility and the sidewalk, and secured bike storage, among others;
- Adequate waste receptacles and dedicated trash patrols on and around the site:
- On-site intake and recordkeeping;
- 24/7 staffing and on-site supervision;
- Required compliance with a code of conduct that includes a prohibition of on-site use or sale of alcohol and illegal drugs, registered sex offenders being served in the facility, threatening and unsafe behavior, etc.;
- Storage of guest weapons in a secured location;
- Good Neighbor Policy and active strategies to promote neighborhood engagement;
- Coordination with BPD regarding active felony warrants;
- Coordination with other service providers; and other strategies.

Exhibits 1, 1.A3, and 1.A4.

Based on input from the neighborhood and other stakeholders, Council was 39. persuaded that the following impacts were resulting from the low barrier shelter use known as Basecamp, being operated at 1522/1530 Cornwall Avenue: debris, human waste, animal waste unauthorized encampments, disorderly conduct, fires, property damage, pedestrian and vehicular obstruction, and public intoxication, the majority of which were occurring during dark hours. Council enacted a shelter protection area (SPA) around Basecamp for the purpose of reducing, if not eliminating, these identified undesirable impacts of the shelter on the surrounding neighborhood. Within the SPA, certain behaviors and activities were prohibited, and City officials are authorized to enforce the prohibition of the unwanted behaviors listed above in permit parking and other public spaces. In establishing the SPA, it was Council's desire that such impacts be addressed in a manner that employs compassion, empathy, and full acknowledgement of all rights of those experiencing homelessness, but also that impacts resulting from interim housing uses be dispersed rather than concentrated in the immediate vicinity of the use. Council identified a

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progressive enforcement concept using education, social outreach, referral to services, incremental enforcement, and use of the least intrusive means of achieving enforcement. *Exhibit 4; Anya Gedrath Testimony*.

- 40. Having found the SPA to be an effective tool around Basecamp, and desiring to avoid concentration of negative impacts in the neighborhood surrounding the subject property, Bellingham City Council adopted a shelter protection area around the proposed redeveloped Mission facility at 910 W. Holly Street on June 7, 2022 that would become effective upon issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the new building (and remain in effect until rescinded by ordinance). The adopted SPA would specifically apply the provisions of BMC 10.24.070.B and 11.33.060.A within a geographical area extending 20 blocks around the subject property, including all area within the outer edges of H Street, Clinton Street, C Street, and Roeder Avenue. *Exhibits 1 and 4; Anya Gedrath Testimony*.
- 41. In order to further be satisfied that the proposed 300-bed shelter would not be detrimental to the surrounding neighborhood, Planning Staff recommended conditions of approval for the currently requested application that would require the following (among other/more specifically detailed items):

Operation in strict compliance with the development standards in BMC 20.15A and permit conditions subject to facility closure and/or permit revocation upon demonstration of failure to comply; strict compliance with approved maximum permanent bed count, any increase of which would be required to undergo new public land use processes; Implementation of/compliance with the adopted shelter protection zone; Applicant is required to maintain dedicated staffing to implement "Good Neighbor Programs" and respond to operational concerns raised neighboring property owners/land uses; maintenance of at least the proposed levels of staffing, and increasing thee staffing levels if more are required by approved operations; maintaining at least 51 off-street parking spaces within onequarter mile, subject to revision by the Planning Director based on future parking demand demonstration which could potentially increase or decrease the required number of stalls; provision of a 24-hour point of contact to the City and BPD; prohibition against sheltering unattended minors under 18 years of age, with referral to Child Protective Services; prohibition against shelter for registered sex offenders at the facility; reporting of unregistered sex offenders to BPD, and notice to current and prospective guests of said reporting; reporting of any immediate threat to health and safety by a guest or prospective guests to BPD; Applicant may not obstruct BPD in arresting guests/ prospective guests consistent with law; compliance by employees,

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volunteers, and guests with code of conduct; waiting for service/shelter is required to occur onsite (as opposed to within the public right-of-way); mandatory twice per month meeting with City and BPD representatives for at least the first 18 months of operations; ongoing updating of safety protocols based on operational reviews; adequate trash control, including neighborhood patrols; maintaining the number of toilets determined necessary by the Health Department; compliance with current Health Department / State COVID-19 /communicable disease guidelines pertaining to congregate living ongoing Applicant coordination with BPD; Applicant obtaining all necessary Building, Fire, and Health Department permits prior to occupancy of the interim housing facility, and notice that operations will be required to cease should the Building Official, Fire Marshal, or County Health Department determine that there is a threat to human life, health, and safety; City review and approval of any changes to the operations; and advance notice that if the City receives substantiated complaints of neighborhood impacts that cannot be mutually resolved, the City may request a hearing with the Hearing Examiner to review additional conditions to protect public health and safety.

Subject to these conditions, as more fully detailed in the staff report, Planning Staff submitted that the proposed use could be operated without detriment to the surrounding neighborhood. Exhibit 1; Anya Gedrath Testimony.

The Applicant submitted, and Planning Staff agreed, that the proposal as 42. designed and conditioned would be consistent with and would specifically implement the following goals and policies of the Bellingham Comprehensive Plan:

Policy H-49	Support implementation of the Whatcom County Plan to
	End Homelessness.

Continue to encourage and support the development of Policy H-50 emergency, transitional and permanent supportive housing with appropriate on-site services for people with special needs and the homeless throughout the City and county. Moving people into permanent housing as quickly as possible should be a priority.

Maintain an inventory and expand the city's supply of Policy H-52 interim housing for target populations.

Foster and support partnerships that have proven to be Policy H-51 successful in reducing homelessness, preventing

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Staff submitted that the proposal, as conditioned, would be consistent with a longer list of goals and policies identified in the attachments to the staff report because it would: promote well-design community connectedness, a sense of place, a mix of housing, vibrant urban villages, a vibrant local economy with a mix of housing types, including homeless shelters, and a well-designed, pedestrian-friendly development. Planning Staff further submitted that the proposal is consistent with the City of Bellingham's 2018 - 2022 Consolidated Plan, which supports a low-barrier shelter and identifies "address and prevent homelessness" as one of five goals and priorities. Exhibits 1, 1.A3, and 1.A13.

Although public roads and utilities surrounding the subject property are

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developed, none of the streets meets the Old Town Subarea Plan Standards. If approval is granted, the Applicant would be required to improve the subject parcel's frontage along Astor, F, and W. Holly Streets to a three-quarter street standard for the full length of the west, north, and east block faces. BMC 20.35.070.G(1-2). Proposed improvements include a six-foot sidewalk and 4.5foot landscaping strip measured to front of curb along F and W. Holly Streets consistent with the Old Town Subarea Plan. Regarding the Astor Street frontage, the City is in the process of drafting a letter of intent to improve this street as part of a public improvement project. Should the City's project not proceed, the Applicant would be responsible for all three block faces. Municipal water, sewer, and storm sewer utilities are in place along the site frontages. The Applicant would connect to, and where necessary, improve the existing utility mains to accommodate the demands of the proposed building consistent with adopted Code standards. With these improvements, the Applicant submitted, and Planning Staff agreed, that the proposal would contribute to the continued orderly and reasonable use of adjacent properties, as well as allow the continued orderly expansion of, and not create excessive demand upon, public roads, utilities, and services. Exhibits 1, 1.A3, 1.A10, and 5 (slide 7); Ali Taysi Testimony.

approximately 45 years, the Applicant submitted that the proposed interim housing use and the associated three commercial spaces fronting W. Holly Street would be compatible with the essential character of this portion of the Lettered Streets Neighborhood and the Old Town Subarea Plan, which at Policy 3.1.1 supports a mix of residential and commercial uses and requires ground floor

In addition to the fact that the Mission has been operating on-site for

commercial on Holly Street. The proposal's compliance with the Old Town Subarea Plan's building design policies (3.1.2) and site design policies (3.1.3)

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has been reviewed and was approved in design review permit DR2021-0023 on May 31, 2022. The Applicant submitted that the proposal would be compatible with surrounding existing uses including a mix of residences, industrial buildings, offices, personal services, eating and drinking establishments, and more. Planning Staff concurred, asserting that the City Council's adoption of BMC 20.15A affirms interim housing uses are allowed, and are thus categorically capable of compatibility, throughout the City's zoning districts. Exhibits 1 and 1.A3; Testimony of Ali Taysi and Anya Gedrath.

- 45. As noted previously, W. Holly and F Streets are designated primary arterials, which are intended to move traffic throughout the vicinity, and are fully dedicated and improved. There is a Whatcom Transit Authority (WTA) route along W. Holly Street. The proposal is anticipated to result in minimal traffic increases on the arterials and on Astor Street through employee, volunteer, community partner, and guest vehicles accessing the site. City Staff submitted that the anticipated traffic volumes can be accommodated by the local street network. Exhibit 1. The adequacy of off-street parking is addressed above.
- 46. The Applicant anticipates that the proposed facility would generate minor smoke and noise influences as experienced outside the building. Designated smoking areas are proposed to be limited to the elevated outdoor decks. Noise from outdoor conversation on the decks and patios of the facility are not anticipated to exceed the levels of noise that would typically be generated by other mixed uses or residential balconies. Addressing the potential for additional noise impacts, the Applicant has proposed operational measures including required compliance with the code of conduct, staffing, and security measures, which are intended to ensure noise impacts are within the limits established in BMC 10.24.120. The proposed outdoor spaces would be oriented towards commercial uses on W. Holly Street and away from neighborhood residential uses. Proposed lighting would be required to be downlit, shielded, and low-intensity. Mechanical equipment and trash receptacles would be screened consistent with design standards, which would reduce visual impacts. Planning Staff submitted that, with the recommended conditions, the proposal is not expected to generate impacts greater than those associated with previous uses of the subject property and surrounding parcels. Conditions of approval would limit hours, noise, and lighting associated with operations and are intended to ensure the project does not create substantially detrimental influences. Exhibits 1, 1.A3, and 3.
- Notified of the proposal, the Washington State Department of Archaeology and 47. Historic Preservation (DAHP) determined that the existing Mission building is not eligible for historic listing. There are no known natural, scenic, or historic

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features of major consequence on or in the vicinity of the subject property that would be adversely impacted by the proposal. Planning Staff submitted that, conditioned to comply with the approved design review permit, the proposal would preserve view corridors and would not impact landmark buildings as defined in the Old Town Subarea Plan. Exhibit 1.

Procedural Findings: Staff Review, Notice, and Comment

- The CUP application was submitted on November 4, 2021 and notice of complete application was issued November 29, 2021. Exhibit 1 and 1.D2.
- The City's Planning and Community Development Department assumed the role 49. of lead agency for review of the proposal's probable, significant adverse environmental impacts as required by the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA). Using phased provisions pursuant to WAC 197-11-060(5), a SEPA determination of non-significance (DNS) (SEP2021-0031) was issued on November 16, 2021 for the proposed demolition of the existing Lighthouse Mission Ministries buildings, including all structures and parking areas (Phase 1 of 2). This determination was issued after the Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation (DAHP) determined that the existing building is not eligible for historic listing. A determination of non-significance was issued relating to the potential need for a stormwater NPDES permit (SEP2021-0044) on May 24, 2022 for the construction of the new facility (Phase 2 of 2). Exhibits 1 and 1.E.
- 50. Notice of public hearing, site posting, and certificate of mailing was issued May 25, 2022. Exhibit 1.D8.
- The City received extensive public comment during the neighborhood meeting, 51. notice of application, and notice of hearing periods, verbal comment provided during the public hearing, and one timely post-hearing comment. Concerns expressed by the commenting public can be categorized and paraphrased as follows.

Many commenters expressed the opinion that the proposal would perpetuate an existing environment in which residents in the surrounding residential areas, employees, and guests of Old Town commercial uses, and those accessing the City's waterfront would feel unsafe and uncomfortable due to the prevalence of homelessness. Having already experienced the Drop-In Center formerly located at 1013 W. Holly Street, these commenters are concerned that the proposal will establish a permanent prevalence of the homeless population in this part of Old Town, preventing other development from coming in. They feel the City and BPD are not doing enough to protect

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and secure housed residents, businesses, and neighborhoods from the adverse impacts of being surrounded by persons experiencing homelessness, which include crime, vandalism, litter, loitering, sleeping in street, verbal and physical altercations, threats, harassment, trespass, living in vehicles, mental illness, alcohol and drug use, drug dealing, fires, vagrancy, jaywalking, biohazards and excrement, panhandling, and public solicitations.

Some commenters contended that while the guests of the shelter may not themselves engage in crime against the homes and businesses in the neighborhood, their presence draws others to the area, including individuals who manufacture and/or sell drugs out of vehicles parked in the neighborhood and individuals who are drawn to the Applicant's vulnerable guests as easy victims of crimes ranging from theft to assault.

Several commenters submitted that the subject property is an inappropriate location for a permanent low-barrier shelter because it is too close to existing residential neighborhoods. Some submitted that a location outside of the core of the City – outside of Old Town and Downtown – would be more suitable. Along this vein, some submitted that it is unfair to concentrate service for unhoused populations in Old Town, requiring the one neighborhood to bear the brunt of adverse impacts from attracting those experiencing homelessness to one location for services, shelter, and meals; they suggested it would lessen the intensity of impacts if the services were more evenly distributed between various neighborhoods.

Others expressed the belief that the City was involved in site selection, and/or that the Applicant should be required to work harder to locate the use elsewhere to avoid concentration of this use in this area.

Many submitted concerns about public health and safety impacts they anticipate will arise from the proposed facility. Citing the effects the former Drop-In Center had on the streets of Old Town, they submitted that the undesirable behaviors listed in the first paragraph above would occur around the facility and would extend into surrounding residential neighborhoods in people's yards, parks, schools, businesses, and public rights-of-way, causing the residential neighborhoods to be unsafe. Some expressed concern about the adequacy of restroom facilities and the unhoused relieving themselves in the neighborhood.

Members of the public submitted that the proposed operational concept is not adequate to protect the public from adverse impacts. Some contended that the proposed low barrier shelter model itself is ineffective, attracts homeless persons to the facility, and perpetuates homelessness. Some contended that the Applicant has failed to actually help a significant percentage of people

served to escape the cycle of homelessness. Some stated that the proposed method of dealing with substance use and weapons is not adequate to protect public safety. Several objected to the proposed reliance on participation by members of the community in "policing", reporting issues, being required to participate in advisory groups, etc., to obtain relief from the impacts of the use.

Others specifically objected to the proposed levels of staffing as being inadequate generally and also specifically citing the five-story design of the structure and the various populations housed as all requiring differing levels of supervision and assistance that cannot be satisfied by three staff overnight.

Some expressed concern about where those who are turned away from the facility will go when denied entry, submitting that the Applicant's practice of refusing service to dangerous individuals pushes those individuals and the danger into the surrounding neighborhood.

Some submitted suggestions or requests for amending the proposal, including (not limited to):

- Limit services to participants in recovery/rehab/restorative programs;
- Prohibit the Applicant from soliciting or contracting for homeless clients from other counties/out of state;
- Keeping the low barrier shelter at the current Basecamp location; and
- City/BPD full-time community safety officer to support the use in the neighborhood.

Some commenters opposed the requested waiver to increase beds beyond 200 based on the impacts described above, contesting that a 200-bed maximum would be more appropriate for the subject property. One primary concern on this point was that the larger facility would attract homeless persons from out of the area. Several people alleged that the Applicant advertises outside of the County and even out of state with the express purpose of drawing more homeless persons to its facilities.

Some who opposed the proposal submitted that the Applicant's track record fails to demonstrate a successful approach of transitioning people from homelessness to housing. They argued that guests come for meals, laundry, showers, but then leave and do not access counseling and other services that could result in ending homelessness. Some contended that the Applicant has a history of not being responsive to neighbor concerns, with some individuals testifying that their attempts at communicating concerns to the Applicant were never responded to.

Some comment in opposition submitted that the public process engaged in by the City was inadequate, resulting in procedural flaws including allegations that the information at the neighborhood meeting misrepresented and omitted information about the proposal. Some argued that posted signs for this proposal should be kept up permanently, that the mailed notice radius should have been larger than 500 feet, and that information about the proposal on the City's website was incorrect and inadequate including an error that caused the project to be categorized under "City Center" rather than the "Lettered Streets" neighborhood. Some contended that the Lettered Streets Neighborhood Association provided no information about the project.

Several contended that the proposed parking will be inadequate and that the project would increase the number of homeless living/sleeping in vehicles in the project vicinity. In this vein, others expressed concern for the safety of staff and volunteers required to walk from the off-site parking to the facility through the streets that will be impacted by the project attracting homeless to the neighborhood.

Some opposed the project based on the identity of the Applicant, contending that churches, who don't pay taxes, should not be allowed to do projects that impact the neighborhood as this one will. Others alleged that the Applicant discriminates in service provision based on religious principles.

Some submitted that the City has a conflict of interest in overseeing the permit due to its interest in addressing homelessness.

Several testified that the shelter protection area would push the project's impacts outside the SPA boundaries into the wider neighborhood.

Some testified that homeowners who can afford to move elsewhere would do so as a result of this project, and that owners of rentals in the neighborhood would hire property management companies to deal with their residential rentals, rather than handling homeless trespassing themselves, which will cause rents to go up.

Some argued that taxpayers would end up subsidizing the infrastructure improvements and public services needed for the proposal, and homeowners shouldn't be burdened with this additional cost.

Some comments submitted that the building is ugly, that the five-story building would be out of character for the neighborhood, and that the religious imagery proposed is inappropriate. Others expressed concern that the proposed design doesn't appear to adequately provide access for disabled persons.

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Many expressed concern over what they perceived as lack of response by BPD to calls regarding concerns around existing/former interim housing projects, with several reporting being told the Police department is understaffed and cannot respond to all calls regarding issues with homeless, and some testified that they have been instructed to email concerns into BPD. Some contended that the SEPA review process ignored impacts to police services.

Exhibits 1.G1 through G11, 1.G13 through 1.G33, 1.I6, 1.I15, 1,I17, 1.I19, 1.I21-26, 1.I36, 1.I40-41, 3.1-3.2, 3.6-3.8, 3.13, 3.15-16, 3.24, 8.1-8.4, 8.6-8.10; Testimony of Alice Cords, Johanna Morris, Brianne O'Hare, Geoffrey Vogel, Wendy Powell, Scott Jones, Rebecca Hutchins, Danne Neill, Allison Gallant, Arlene Feld, Pam Ives, John Templeton, Cara Carbone, Chris O'Hare, Stacy Bloch, Susan Jewell, Trista Moreno, Karen Steen, Mary Friar, Marla Bronstein, and Thomas Neumann.

The City also received substantial comment in support of the proposal. Several individuals submitted that the Applicant's track record demonstrates expertise, that the requested waiver allowing 300 beds should be granted, and that the proposal is an appropriate manner of addressing the crisis facing unhoused persons that is consistent with Bellingham's values. Some submitted that the building design and proposed operations would address the problems experienced at the previous Drop-In Center, such as jay walking and people lining up on sidewalks. One member of the public, who used to own a house near the Drop-In Center, testified that he is very familiar with impacts that occurred in the neighborhood after commencement of that facility. Testifying that he is on the neighborhood advisory board for the current Basecamp, he stated that he has been pleased and surprised at his positive experience on the board, that the Applicant has done an exceptional job of listening to and addressing issues brought forward including crime, vandalism, and other legitimate concerns. This commenter noted that homelessness will not go away and that Bellingham needs facilities scaled to the current problem, and he thinks the proposal is appropriate and should be approved. Several current and/or former volunteers for Applicant facilities testified that they agree that the Applicant is an agency with expertise, that their operational model makes for a safe environment for guests, staff, and volunteers, and that the proposed staffing levels are in fact adequate. A sitting Port Commissioner testified in support of the proposal, endorsing the concentration of services on the subject property to maximize efficiency, and confirming the Port's intention to supply leased offsite parking. Exhibits 1.G12, 1.II through 1.I4, 1.I7 through 13, 1.I16, 1.I20, 1.I27 through 35, 1.I37 through 39, 1.I42, 3.3-3.5, 3.9-3.10, 3.14, 3.17-3.23, 8.1, and 9; Testimony of Jean Hamilton, Edwin Martinez, Wendy Powell, Chris Eltrich, Cindy Louws, Nick Vann, Joe Wilson, and Ken Bell. OFFICE OF THE HEARING EXAMINER

In response to public comment, Bellingham Police Department Deputy Chief of Operations Don Almer testified regarding the proposal. Deputy Chief Almer provided data he compiled entitled Area Review Analysis, which reviewed crime statistics from the area around 2020 Cornwall Avenue, Drop-In Center at 1013 W. Holly Street, and Basecamp at 1530 Cornwall Avenue. The available data contains gaps that render it incomplete, largely resulting from the duration the interim housing use was located in each address. Having reviewed the call data, Chief Deputy Almer concluded that the reviewed interim housing uses have experienced an increase in calls to BPD during the review periods; however, he specified that it is not possible to identify the interim housing use as the only reason calls increased. He cited the pandemic and the economic difficulties that have ensued as other factors that could be related. Even in the face of data showing increased police response to the areas around interim housing uses, Chief Deputy Almer testified that in his opinion the currently proposed facility offers design and operational differences from the previous Drop-In Center that would improve the community's experience of the facility. Noting that low barrier does not mean no barrier, Chief Deputy Almer testified that the increased size and proposed layout of the facility would mitigate some of the primary concerns related to the former DIC at 1013 W. Holly Street, particularly in that guests have the option to be inside during the entire day, unlike the DIC which required all guests to be on the sidewalk simultaneously during at least two programming transitions each day. He also noted the proposed facility prevents access directly from the sidewalk and provides outdoor areas for guests that are not in the right-of-way, which would reduce the opportunities for conflict between guests and the general public. In providing more amenities and services within the building, the proposal would be more likely to keep guests on site, where they would have increased opportunities to interface with support services intended to facilitate their transition out of homelessness. Chief Almer noted that the Applicant has requested and obtained BPD trainings for its staff and volunteers, and that the proposed facility is designed with effective "crime prevention through environmental design" (CPTED) principles, which would improve the Applicant's ability to monitor activities on and around the property. The Chief also noted that in each new interim housing facility location, as BPD was called and Applicant staff learned appropriate responses to situations, the number of calls from each facility decreased. Currently the Applicant has a monthly meeting with City and BPD representatives to identify trends and determine what is working, and BPD and the Applicant are interested in continuing this practice. The Chief also submitted that the adopted shelter protection area (SPA) around the proposed facility, if approved, is expected to facilitate guest compliance with rules in that it would deter negative influences in the immediately surrounding neighborhood

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that have been experienced in the previous locations. He also noted that the SPA authorizes the Applicant to take corrective actions short of calling the police and also gives neighboring commercial and residential uses a zone of protection from the deleterious influences complained of at the former locations. Whether the SPA would have the effect of displacing the deleterious influences into surrounding areas, or elsewhere in the City, is a question the Chief didn't feel could be answered at this juncture. In his testimony, the Chief confirmed that BPD is experiencing a staffing crisis; they are down 36 active positions and are facing a large number of pending retirements. As a result, it has been necessary to "triage" calls and send responses to the most serious situations. BPD is advertising and plans to fill the vacancies; however, the Chief anticipates the staffing situation won't be completely addressed for 18 to 24 months. Deputy Chief Don Almer Testimony; Exhibits 1, 1.H, and 10.

Regarding concerns about criminal activities in the vicinity of the facility, 54. Planning Staff also offered the following. City representatives and the BPD remain committed to ensuring public health and safety for the whole community and intend to work closely with the Applicant to ensure compliance with BMC 20.15A and the conditions of CUP approval if granted. In response to calls about crimes or suspicious activities around the facility, enforcement actions are expected to be commensurate with applicable laws as well as with the severity of the violation alleged to have been committed. It is intended that BPD would conduct empathetic law enforcement, emphasizing education and setting clear expectations and a consistent message. It is anticipated that having staff and volunteers walk the 700 feet from the leased parking stalls to the facility would provide increased "eyes on the street," which is expected to reduce criminal behavior due to additional opportunities for communication and observation of behaviors. Going forward, Applicant staff, volunteers, and the general public would be encouraged to contact the BPD (or 911 in an emergency) if they observe illegal activity either within or outside the facility. City Staff submitted that crime takes place throughout the City, and not all crime near the facility would be committed by a shelter guest. Further, Staff asserted that it is appropriate to acknowledge that existing shelters are not responsible for all preexisting real or perceived impacts associated with individuals experiencing homelessness in Bellingham, and that similarly, impacts following approval, if granted, cannot universally be assumed to be directly attributable to proposed shelter. Exhibits 1, 5 (slide 20), and 10.

Of note, City Staff contended that, aside from encouraging individuals to alter 55. their behavior and access services within the facility, the Applicant does not have authority over individuals off premises or within the public rights-of-way

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(e.g., the public sidewalk), except that in certain instances, they can limit access to their programs and facilities. This process is called "barring" and prohibits those whose observed behavior on- or off-campus violates the code of conduct. For individuals restricted from the facility, the Applicant's mission includes continuing to attempt to connect such individuals with other services to address their needs. This includes hospital stays for those whose medical needs exceed the facility's capacity, crisis stabilization for mental health or detox situations, BPD if there are safety concerns, among other referrals. Given the adoption of the shelter protection area by City Council, which would go into effect upon certificate of occupancy issuance for the facility, Applicant staff would be able to remind individuals of the SPA while monitoring the facility and to discourage inappropriate activity in the right-of-way. Based on past success with the SPA at the current Basecamp location, the SPA is expected to be an effective tool for reducing negative impacts in the project vicinity including debris, human waste, animal waste, unauthorized encampments, disorderly conduct, property damage, fires, public urination, pedestrian and vehicular obstruction and public intoxication. Exhibits 1, 1.A3, and 1.A7.

- Addressing questions regarding how the proposal could be a better fit for the 56. neighborhood than the former Drop-In Center, Planning Staff offered the following. The interim housing provisions with which the project must comply were written and adopted by Council to address the concerns submitted by neighbors after commencement of the former Drop-In Center (DIC). The proposal is for a purpose-built facility designed to comply with the newly adopted regulations, and it is much larger than the previous facility. Two primary design elements providing increased compatibility with the neighborhood are the separation of the sleeping dorms from the day use area and the creation of outdoor space for guests on all floors, which together would allow guests to stay inside the facility for a much greater percentage of their stay. All functions and activities associated would occur indoors, including intake. Because the proposed facility was designed to address the specific concerns voiced about the earlier DIC and with the conditions recommended by Staff to minimize potential adverse impacts, Planning Staff submitted that the proposal would satisfy the interim housing use-specific development standards and criteria for CUP approval. Exhibits 1 and 10; Anya Gedrath Testimony.
- 57. Regarding nuisance concerns (not crime or safety related), the Applicant would provide a 24-hour point of contact to be the neighborhood liaison to the public and to BPD, whose contact information would be available on the Applicant's website and distributed to the neighborhood. Daily after 7:00 p.m., shelter guests would be asked to stay on site and would be advised that they risk losing

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28 29 their bed for the night if they leave. Some individuals who use the facility during the day may choose not to stay overnight on site. The Applicant submitted that clearly established and communicated parking limitations (prohibiting overnight camping), street lighting, 24/7 staffing, video surveillance, and shelter protection zone enforcement by Applicant staff and BPD would discourage guest and visitor congregation in the neighborhood after hours. Exhibits 1, 1.A3, and 1.A7.

- Regarding the City's responsibility to address homelessness, Planning Staff 58. submitted that the City and County are working cooperatively to provide permanent housing solutions, respond to the demand for emergency shelter, and address the root causes of homelessness, with a current combined annual budget of approximately ten million dollars. The two governments work in conjunction with more than a dozen local housing and human services non-profit organizations, of which the Applicant is one. The instant proposal is one of many interim housing projects the City is currently engaging in with partner organizations. Exhibits 1, 6, and 10; Tara Sundin Testimony. Of note, the topics of the City's responsibility for / approaches to addressing homelessness are outside the scope of the instant proceedings, which are limited to considering whether the specific proposed land use complies with criteria for permit approval and applicable development standards.
- Pursuant to RCW 35.21.915, a religious organization may host the homeless on 59. property they own or control (as through a lease) and a local government may not impose conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety. Planning Staff interprets this state law to mean that housing / shelters hosted by religious organizations are allowed land uses notwithstanding public opposition based on potential negative impacts to property values. Exhibits 1 and 2.
- Addressing the public comment expressing dissatisfaction with the notice 60. provided of the instant application and proceedings, Planning Staff submitted the following. The applicable interim housing regulations require a Type III-A process for larger interim housing proposals pursuant to BMC 20.15A.020. Type II design review and SEPA review processes were also required to address the standards of the City Center Design Review District and the Old Town Overlay District (BMC Chapters 20.35 and 20.25). Planning Staff followed the noticing requirements for each permit type as established in BMC 21.10.200. Pursuant to BMC 21.10.20.D(3), the required mailing radius is 500 feet, which is not modified arbitrarily or upon request. In addition to the required mailing, the subject property was posted with notice signage before the pre-application

neighborhood meeting, the design review board meeting, for at least two weeks after the notice of application was mailed, and at least 10 days before the June 8th public hearing. Notice of the continuance of the public hearing until June 13th was given verbally on the record at the beginning and the end of the June 8th hearing. Due to the virtual nature of the hearing, a post-hearing written public comment period was established for persons experiencing technological barriers to participation. There are no requirements to post notice signage permanently. Public comments were received from the initial notice up through the post-hearing comment period. While the public notice was initially listed on the City's website under "City Center" rather than under "Lettered Streets," this did not prevent members of the public who were interested in redevelopment of the Mission from providing public comment. After the categorization error was brought to staff's attention, it was corrected on the website, and notice remained posted on the City's website for 30 days. Finally, the Lettered Streets Neighborhood was contacted about the proposal. Exhibits 1, 1.D, and 10; Anya Gedrath Testimony. Also responding to comments challenging adequacy of the public process, an Applicant representative submitted the following: the proposal was the subject of three public meetings; in five separate instances, yellow "land use action" signs were posted on site for a combined total of 68 days; the hearing notice was posted 21 days; the Applicant directly sent letters or emails to neighborhood associations, to council members, and submitted a press release. All who commented and attended the neighborhood meetings were added to the parties of record list. Ali Taysi Testimony.

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Regarding concerns expressed about project funding and increased taxpayer 61. burden, Planning Staff submitted that nearly all of the improvements involved in the proposal would be funded directly by the Applicant, which is responsible for all building and construction costs, including infrastructure improvements for the entire block faces of W. Holly and F Streets. The City has tentatively agreed to fund infrastructure improvements along the Astor Street frontage. While it is true that taxpayers pay for public services in the City, including Fire, Police, and utilities, these public services would be required across the City in response to calls for service, regardless of the location of a low-barrier shelter. Owners of property in the immediate vicinity of the project are not specifically taxburdened due to the location of the proposal. The use is allowed in the underlying zone through the conditional use process. Planning Staff submitted that approval is not anticipated to adversely impact values of surrounding properties for two reasons. First, the Mission has been present on site for about 45 years, the Applicant's Ascent Program and Agape Home are both nearby, and the Drop-In Center was located nearby in 2017-2018. These circumstances imply that to the extent such uses can influence property values, the influences

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and designed specifically to contain the interim housing use while controlling impacts to the neighborhood. Secondly, similar to minimization of other categories of adverse impacts, the potential for any remaining adverse financial impact is expected be significantly reduced through strict implementation of the operational policies proposed by the Applicant and recommended conditions of permit approval. To the extent that surrounding property owners feel approval would impact their property values, if land use approval is granted, they may request a change in valuation for property tax purposes from the County Assessor's office pursuant to RCW 36.70B.130. *Exhibits 1 and 10*.

are already in place. The proposal would not change the land use of the site, and

if anything, would improve it because the building would be new, built to code,

- Addressing concerns about parking, Planning Staff noted that parking for the 62. proposal is regulated pursuant to BMC 20.15A.020.M, which states: "The maximum number of off-street parking spaces required for each facility will be determined by the director or hearing examiner taking into consideration factors such as the potential number of residents and site constraints." Planning Staff submitted that, contrary to assertions in public comment, the proposed interim housing facility is not similar to a hotel from a planning perspective, in that many of the guests do not own and cannot afford vehicles. Planning Staff further submitted that the Applicant's parking demand analysis satisfies their Department's requirements for review and that the 52 stalls proposed including the five year lease (and the minimum of 51 stalls as conditioned) would satisfy minimum parking requirements. The Applicant's five-year lease with the Port for the off-site parking would give the Applicant and the City adequate time to assess parking demand going forward. In the event that the off-site parking cannot be extended beyond the lease period (or in perpetuity), the Applicant waived objection to Planning Staff's recommended condition of approval that would require the operator to continue providing at least 51 parking stalls within a one-quarter mile walking distance, unless future parking analysis demonstrates that fewer stalls are needed. The condition also provides the Planning Director authority to require additional off-site parking to be secured if mor are needed. Exhibits 1 and 11.
- Regarding aesthetic comments, these concerns are not within the scope of the land use approvals under consideration in the instant proceedings. They were taken into consideration during review of the required design review permit. *Exhibits 1, 1.F, and 11.*
- 64. Applicant representatives also responded to public comment during and after the hearing, at the request of the undersigned. Speaking to comments challenging

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the mass and scale of the proposed structure being "out of character" with the surrounding neighborhood, the Applicant submitted a graphic showing the heights already approved and/or allowed upon redevelopment under current zoning on the surrounding properties. On the blocks adjacent to/surrounding the subject property, building heights of up to seven stories and 130 feet are allowed and can be expected to occur with redevelopment. One building of 40,000 square feet and seven stories has already been approved in the block across from the site's F Street frontage, along G Street. The proposal is consistent with the 75-foot height limit of the zone. Additionally, the proposal is anticipated to generate much lower traffic volumes than a similarly sized multifamily residential building, which is a use that can be expected to occur as Old Town properties redevelop. Exhibit 5 (slide 30); Ali Taysi Testimony.

- Addressing comments questioning the Applicant's success rate in other 65. locations, the Applicant submitted that its recovery programs have a 70% success rate based on metrics that include sobriety, housing, church involvement, employment and education measured one year after graduation. The Applicant submitted that the low barrier shelter model is a necessary first step in the trust building required to encourage people to engage in restorative programs that address the underlying issues leading to their homelessness. At the proposed facility, recovery programs would be available to all guests, who would be able to meet with more than 20 agencies and partner service providers on-site. In some cases, transportation to off-site appointments would be provided by the Applicant. Based on this increased opportunity for service engagement, the Applicant anticipates that the proposed facility would result in higher rates of recovery than previous programs. Exhibits 1, 1.A7, and 11.
- Specifically addressing comments requesting information distinguishing the 66. proposal from the Drop-In Center that operated at in 2017, the Applicant reiterated/offered the following. The building at 1013 W. Holly Street was too small and was not designed with spaces that allowed for guests to remain indoors while the main area was transitioned from day to night activities, causing all guests to have to gather on the sidewalk at the same time twice per day, which was the primary cause of neighborhood conflict. The proposed building is designed to contain all guests at all stages, including: queuing for check-in; sufficient indoor day room space such that all guests would not ever be required to wait outside at once; second-story outdoor space on-site inaccessible to unauthorized people; separate individual outdoor balconies for each micro-shelter; centralized administrative staffing on-site, increasing employee count during business hours and providing operational efficiencies; separate entrances for each shelter use, including low barrier shelter entrance off

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- of Astor and away from main Holly Street arterial; and easier ambulance access. In addition, the following operational improvements would improve the interaction of the facility with the neighborhood to a point that reduces adverse impacts significantly: implementation of a Good Neighbor Policy; facilitation of a Neighborhood Advisory Group; three commercial spaces generating daytime eves on the street and fostering connections between guests and the neighborhood; a dedicated full time staff-neighborhood liaison; a larger outreach team engaging those experiencing homeless; implementation of a Shelter Protection Area to deter loitering and car parking, motorhomes, and predatory behaviors. Further, the Applicant agrees to comply with conditions as recommended by Planning Staff, which would require the allow/following: partial or full facility closure if the Applicant fails to address adverse impacts arguably within Applicant's control; prohibition against facility activities conducted in the adjacent public rights-of-way (Condition 15); daily trash collection and litter management; and a 12 to 18 month period of mandatory monthly meetings including Applicant, City, and BPD staff to address emerging issues. Exhibits 1, 5 (slide 29), and 11; Testimony of Bridget Reeves, Hans Erchinger-Davis, and Ali Taysi.
- Addressing public comment regarding the adequacy of proposed staffing, the 67. Applicant submitted the following. The Applicant submitted that it is an experienced managing agency that has demonstrated the ability to determine adequate staffing levels for the need in their past operations. Currently, the low barrier shelter operated at Basecamp has been successfully operating its 200-bed shelter with two staff at night. During its tenure, there has never been an encounter between guests behaving in a violent manner towards people or property the neighborhood at night. The code of conduct, with which guests are required to comply, prohibits behavior that would put others in the facility into an unsafe situation. Guests are adults who typically wish to be safe, warm, and able to sleep at night. Thus, guests are personally motivated to abide by the code of conduct and to hold other guests accountable for it. Finally, the Applicant conduct an internal program – the Exodus Program – in which guests contribute to their own recovery by assisting or mentoring others in recovery. The Applicant submitted that the proposed staffing numbers would be adequate and would not result in adverse situations for neighbors, staff, partner agencies, volunteers, or guests, especially at night. Exhibit 11; Testimony of Bridget Reeves and Hans Erchinger-Davis.
- Addressing parking concerns, the Applicant submitted that while the maximum 68. parking demand to serve the facility would be 51 parking stalls, in typical conditions, peak demand would be lower than 51 stalls (typically 47 stalls or

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fewer), because it would be rare for all staff to be present simultaneously. Additionally, the 700-foot distance between leased parking and the facility is shorter than many staff currently walk from assigned parking to the existing facilities. Seven hundred feet is not an uncommonly long distance for employees in urban areas to walk to work from available parking. The proposed path is a public sidewalk with existing street crossings. Finally, the walking route would provide opportunities additional eyes on the streets surrounding the facility, constituting a passive CPTED strategy that would enhance staff's knowledge and understanding of, as well as their ability to respond to, conditions outside the facility. Should the provided parking be insufficient, recommended Condition 7 would require renegotiation of the leased parking at least six months prior to its expiration and includes language authorizing administrative increase to minimum parking stalls should conditions arise demonstrating the need. *Exhibits 1.A5*, 5 (slide 20), and 11; Testimony of Justin Reeves and Hans Erchinger-Davis.

In closing, the City acknowledged that the project may result in impacts in the 69. neighborhood; however, conditioned as recommended, Planning Staff submitted that the proposal meets the criteria for large interim housing use and for conditional use permit approval. They noted that the City's new interim housing regulations were drafted based on past experience with the Drop-In Center, and that the regulations in themselves address a significant percentage of the concerns expressed by the public. They further noted that the proposal would occur in a "purpose-built facility" designed to address many of the concerns raised in comment. Staff maintained their position that providing shelter to those experiencing homelessness promotes the health and safety of both those individuals and the greater community. Having heard and considered all public comment, City Staff maintained their recommendation for approval of the CUP and the waiver to allow 300 permanent beds, subject to the conditions in the staff report. Exhibits 1 and 10; Testimony of Anya Gedrath, Kurt Nabbefeld, and Tara Sundin. Applicant representatives waived objection to the recommended conditions in the staff report. Testimony of Ali Taysi and Hans Erchinger-Davis.

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CONCLUSIONS

26 **Jurisdiction**:

The Hearing Examiner is granted authority to hold hearings and make decisions on conditional use permit applications pursuant to BMC 20.16.010.D.

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Conditional Use Permit Criteria for Review:

Pursuant to Bellingham Municipal Code 20.16.010.B, conditional use permits for conditional uses allowed in the general use type may be granted by the Hearing Examiner if the record demonstrates the following:

- 1. The proposed use will promote the health, safety, and general welfare of the community.
- 2. The proposed use will satisfy the purpose and intent of the general use type in which it is located.
- 3. The proposed use will not be detrimental to the surrounding neighborhood.

Pursuant to BMC 20.16.010.E, in applying the standards set forth in subsection B (above), the Hearing Examiner shall consider the following factors as to whether the proposed use will:

- 1. Be harmonious with the general policies and specific objectives of the comprehensive plan.
- 2. Enable the continued orderly and reasonable use of adjacent properties by providing a means for expansion of public roads, utilities, and services.
- 3. Be designed so as to be compatible with the essential character of the neighborhood.
- 4. Be adequately served by public facilities and utilities including drainage provisions.
- 5. Not create excessive vehicular congestion on neighborhood collector or residential access streets.
- 6. Not create a hazard to life, limb, or property resulting from the proposed use, or by the structures used therefor, or by the inaccessibility of the property or structures thereon.
- 7. Not create influences substantially detrimental to neighboring uses. "Influences" shall include, but not necessarily be limited to: noise, odor, smoke, light, electrical interference, and/or mechanical vibrations.
- 8. Not result in the destruction, loss, or damage to any natural, scenic, or historic feature of major consequence.

Other Applicable Provisions:

Pursuant to BMC 20.15A.050.C, the director or hearing examiner may approve an interim housing permit that relaxes one or more of the standards in this chapter, except

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the table in BMC 20.15A.020, only when the applicant submits a description of the standard to be modified and demonstrates how the modification would result in a safe facility with minimal negative impacts to the host community under the specific circumstances of the application. In considering whether the modification should be granted, the director or hearing examiner shall first consider the effects on the health and safety of facility residents and the neighboring communities. Modifications will not be granted if their adverse impacts on residents of the shelter and/or neighboring communities will be greater than those without modification. The burden of proof is on the applicant.

Conclusions Based on Findings:

- 1. Addressing the criteria for larger interim housing uses established in BMC 20.15A.020, the following conclusions are entered.
 - a. The proposed larger interim housing use is allowed in the Commercial general use type and in the Old Town district/urban village through a conditional use process. The criteria for conditional use approval are addressed below in Conclusions 3 and 4. The Applicant's request to be allowed to serve up to 300 persons in permanent beds in the facility is addressed in Conclusion 2 below.
 - b. Not more than one bed per 35 square feet is proposed.
 - c. The proposed purpose-built building would be designed and constructed consistent with current building code, fire code, stormwater code, and all other technical, life/safety codes.
 - d. The Applicant would be required to design and install all outdoor lighting to prevent off-site glare and to submit a photometric plan for review and approval by the Planning Department at time of building permit to demonstrate applicable lighting standards are satisfied.
 - e. Trash receptacles are proposed throughout the facility and in appropriate exterior areas of the site to ensure litter from the project does not become a nuisance to the neighborhood. Programming includes regular trash patrols of the site and vicinity by Applicant staff, and guests are encouraged to participate; this is memorialized in the submitted Operations Plan.
 - f. The Applicant is coordinating the number of required toilets with the Health Department. In addition, the Applicant's standard practices regarding food donations are USDA, WSDA, and Whatcom County Health Department approved. Condition of approval 21 requires the Applicant to obtain and abide by Health Department recommendations on both items (number of toilets and food handling practices), and condition 22 requires Applicant compliance with

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Health Department policies regarding communicable diseases in the community including but not limited to COVID-19.

- g. As proposed, the Applicant would construct and operate the facility in compliance with all applicable City, State, and Federal regulations and allow inspection as necessary by government entities. Conditions 23 and 24 require ongoing compliance with applicable standards and authorize the City to take enforcement action against the permitted facility in the event the Applicant fails to operate the facility in compliance with applicable regulations such that public health or safety issues of concern arise and cannot be addressed by the Applicant.
- h. Based on the evidence submitted of parking demand at the various facilities that the proposed building would replace, the record supports the conclusion that 51 parking stalls are required to be provided to address peak demand. Despite assertions of inadequate parking, no evidence was offered in the record capable of demonstrating that the 51 required stalls would be inadequate. The proposed 52 parking stalls provide a one-stall surplus as a show of good faith. Condition 7 requires the Applicant to demonstrate provision of at least 51 stalls and to provide a new lease for the required off-site parking at least six months prior to expiration of any current lease, provided that the Planning Director may administratively either reduce or increase the number of required stalls based on subsequent parking demand studies reflecting actual operations over time.
- The Applicant's materials contain the information regarding transit availability, multimodal transportation facilities to services, and distances and transport to area schools required by BMC 20.15A.020.N.
- The facility was designed to include all functions associated with the interim housing use inside the building. All check-in queuing would occur inside the structure in areas connected to the various shelter entrances. Additionally, the building contains adequate room for the proposed 100 additional emergencyonly beds without requiring guests to queue outside the building during transitions from day to nighttime programming. This distinguishes the proposal from the former Drop-In Center at 1013 W. Holly Street, which was notorious for requiring all guests to stand on the sidewalk while the interior transitioned from day use to night use. Additionally, monitored outdoor spaces segregated from the public sidewalks have been provided, including two large decks on the W. Holly Street frontage, several smaller decks serving the various microshelter populations, and partially enclosed areas on-site near the main entry that are separated from the sidewalk, in which Applicant staff would have authority to control guest activities. These features and programming options satisfy the intent of BMC 20.15.A.020.O.

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- k. The Applicant submitted materials demonstrating compliance with applicable design review standards and the Planning Director approved design review permit DR2021-0023 on May 31, 2022 subject to 15 conditions with which the proposal would be required to comply. This approval satisfies the requirement of BMC 20.15A.020.P.
- 1. The Application materials include the required operations manual, which contains the seven required programming and operational elements outlined in BMC 20.15A.020.Q and additional elements developed by the Applicant through decades of experience with interim housing uses.
- m. The proposal includes staffing by Applicant employees, interns, and volunteers adequate to provide the 24/7 supervision required by BMC 20.15A.020.R. The proposed minimum daytime staff focused on support and supervision of the operations of the shelter functions of the building of six to eight employees, and minimum nighttime staff of three employees, are based on the Applicant's operational experience at other interim housing facilities. Daytime minimum staffing would be supplemented by the presence of interns, volunteers, and staff from community partner organizations, in addition to other administrative staff of Lighthouse Mission Ministries whose offices would be moved into the proposed facility, resulting in up to approximately 26 Applicant employees present during the business days. Aside from assertions - which are not similarly based on years of professional experience - that the proposed day and nighttime staffing levels would be inadequate, there is no evidence in the record capable of disputing the Applicant's experience-based proposed staffing levels. In the event that circumstances arise that cause the proposed staffing to be inadequate, condition of approval number 6 would require the Applicant to increase minimum staffing to meet operational objectives.
- n. While there was public comment expressing doubt about the Applicant's expertise as a "managing agency" for the purposes of the interim housing regulations, no evidence was offered capable of seriously calling into question the Applicant's capacity to act in the capacity of managing agency for the proposed interim housing land use. Lighthouse Mission Ministries has been operating shelters in Bellingham for nearly 100 years, including the Mission on the subject property for approximately 45 years, and clearly meets the intent of the managing agency required by BMC 20.15A.020.S.
- o. The proposed interim housing use would not accommodate unaccompanied minors under 18 years of age. Any children under age 18 admitted to the facility would be accommodated with their family in the family micro-shelter, designed with specific access and living space considerations for this population. Condition of approval number 9 would require the Applicant to

report unaccompanied minors who seek shelter at the facility to Child Protective Services and to actively endeavor to find alternative housing for the child.

- p. As stated in the application materials and required by Condition of approval number 4, point of contact information is identified on the application form, would be posted on site, and would be provided to BPD consistent with BMC 20.15A.020.U.
- q. Consistent with BMC 20.15A.020.V, the Applicant maintains a database of all guests who have stayed in its facilities since it began operating and would continue to update this database daily. The intake process for new guests includes admission paperwork and an in-person interview with staff during which a prospective guest is required to provide necessary identifying and demographic information.
- r. Consistent with BMC 20.15A.020.W, the Applicant does not propose to serve registered sex offenders at the facility. Condition of approval number 10 would prohibit registered sex offenders from being served on-site and would require the Applicant to provide notice to current and prospective guests that the facility is required to report unregistered sex offenders to BPD.
- s. Similarly, consistent with BMC 20.15A.020.X, condition of approval number 11 would require the Applicant to provide notice to current and prospective guests that the facility follows a BPD-approved protocol for contacting the BPD in addressing any known, active felony warrants.
- t. The Applicant proposes to utilize its existing protocol for access and coordination with the BPD, and condition of approval 23 would require the Applicant to adjust the protocol over time in response to BPD guidance, consistent with BMC 20.15A.020.Y.
- u. The Applicant's programming model is based on collaboration with many partner agencies for efficient cross referrals to services needed to assist guests in their objective of overcoming homelessness. The proposed facility would continue to rely on and expand the network of community partners working together to assist guests in obtaining more permanent housing.

Findings 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 10 through 31, 39, 40, 41, 44, 46, and 51 through 69.

2. Addressing the request for waiver pursuant to BMC 20.15A.020.C of the 200-bed maximum for large interim housing uses, the following conclusions are entered. Based on the record as a whole, the undersigned is persuaded that providing 100 additional beds of specialized, separate shelter to the identified populations of persons more vulnerable and/or more difficult to serve in the general shelter population than the average low barrier shelter guest, the

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Applicant is capable of operating the facility in a manner that is safe for prospective guests, employees, volunteers, community partners, and the public generally. In providing shelter, case management, and specialized services to the micro-shelter populations, including men's and women's behavioral health beds, men's and women's medically fragile/elderly beds, 26 family beds for up to six families, and "flex" beds for persons with unique shelter needs, the proposed facility would serve up to 100 additional individuals who do not thrive in, or cannot join, the general low barrier shelter population, protecting them from the dangers inherent in open living on the streets for such vulnerable populations. This would benefit the community as a whole. The design of the facility, including separate entrances for the varying shelter populations and adequate room for all functions including queuing and storage of belongings inside the perimeter of the facility, would reduce the potential for conflict between shelter guests and the general public. There is no evidence in the record capable of supporting a conclusion that the additional 100 beds would result in impacts to guests of the facility or neighboring properties beyond the impacts that would occur if the modification were not granted. Findings 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 31, 32, 33, 34, and 51 through 69.

Addressing the criteria for conditional use permit approval established at 3. BMC 20.16.010.B, the following conclusions are entered:

a. On balance, evidence in the record as a whole demonstrates that the proposed interim housing use would benefit the health, safety, and welfare of the entire community. If housing options for those experiencing homelessness are not provided, they would be forced to continue to live in the open, jeopardizing not only their own health and safety, but directly impacting the broader community. The development and operation of the proposed low-barrier shelter at the subject would ensure guests currently served at Basecamp continue to receive shelter and services, rather than returning to open living on the streets. The added 100 micro-shelter beds would provide more vulnerable individuals the opportunity to access essential services and receive assistance with the transition into more permanent housing. The 100-bed capacity emergency shelter would provide additional lifesaving shelter during imminent threats to public health and safety. In bringing members of the community off the street, the project would reduce the current burden on our municipal emergency services, downtown businesses, and other community organizations serving the homeless population and improve the quality of life of all residents of Bellingham. The proposed building is designed to reduce impacts on surrounding property owners, remove guests from the public right-of-way, provide commercial business opportunities for guests, and ensure the safety

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- of guests and neighbors. As designed, proposed, and conditioned, the facility would promote the health, safety, and general welfare of the community. Findings 10 through 34 and 51 through 69.
- b. Interim housing uses are allowed in the Commercial general use type as a conditional use. The housing provided would be more intensive than typical residential uses, consistent with uses allowed outright in the Commercial zone. In addition to interim housing, the facility would provide services needed by housing guests, and the project would update utilities and multimodal transportation infrastructure along the site frontages to Old Town district standards appropriate to the Commercial zoning. The three proposed retail spaces fronting W. Holly Street would be consistent with the commercial zoning and would contribute to the facility functioning as a mixed use. Findings 5, 6, 7, 10 through 30, 35 through 41, and 51 through 69.
- c. As proposed and conditioned, the proposed interim housing use would not be detrimental to the surrounding neighborhood. The site has been used to provide shelter and services to those experiencing homelessness since the 1970s; the proposal is not a change in land use. Based on the current operations at Basecamp downtown, the proposed facility would generate impacts common in a commercial zone, including: pedestrian, bike, and vehicular traffic, noise, and visual impacts from the building's use. In increasing the number of persons to be served on site, the facility has the potential to increase the impacts already experienced in the vicinity as a result of the existing presence of the homeless population. To address these potentially increased impacts, the project includes: indoor and outdoor waiting areas to prevent queuing or loitering, refuse, and continual interaction with pedestrians in the public right-of-way; incorporation of CPTED principles and security features - including but not limited to cameras and lighting in the building's design; on-site, indoor intake and recordkeeping; 24/7 staffing / supervision; mandatory compliance with a code of conduct that prohibits the on-site use or sale of alcohol and illegal drugs and threatening and unsafe behavior; securing weapons in a safe location; neighborhood engagement through an active Good Neighbor policy; coordination with BPD addressing active felony warrants; waste receptacles and dedicated trash patrols around the building, among other measures. The City Council adopted a shelter protection area that would extend between Clinton Street and Roeder Avenue, and from C to H Streets, within which it would not be allowed to sleep in vehicles or on the street, which Council determined would reduce impacts around the facility and disperse the area of concentration of impacts. These measures would reduce

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and mitigate impacts to the community of the expanded interim housing use on the subject property. Findings 10 through 41, 43, 44, 45, 46, and 51 through 69.

- 4. Addressing the conditional use permit criteria established at BMC 20.16.010.E, the following conclusions are entered.
 - a. Redevelopment of the existing Light House Mission building into a fivestory building containing a 200-bed low barrier shelter, 100 additional beds in micro-shelters reserved for specific vulnerable populations, and multipurpose administrative offices with associated parking as described above is consistent with and supportive of the goals and policies of the Bellingham Comprehensive Plan in the following ways: in providing both shelter and access to services for people in need to social services to overcome homelessness; developing housing in a location that is accessible by multimodal forms of transportation; promoting small-scale commercial uses; contributing to a mix of housing types; being designed with crime prevention through environmental design principles; increasing jobs, housing, and services in the Old Town District; considering both public health and social equity in its siting; promoting comfortable pedestrian use of public sidewalks by physically separating the use from the right-of-way; creating a staging aera for emergency response vehicles; placing commercial activities along the sidewalk; coordinating with public and private partners to promote housing that meets regional needs; supporting housing for populations with "special needs" in a location where such housing has long been provided; supporting emergency and transitional housing needs for persons experiencing homelessness; and in supporting a project that can bring public infrastructure up to current Old Town standards. Findings 10 through 17, 34 through 46, and 51 through 69.
 - b. The record submitted demonstrates that redevelopment and operation of the proposed facility would not interfere with the continued orderly development of the surrounding public streets, utilities, and services. The Applicant is required to bring site frontage along F and W. Holly Streets up to current Old Town Subarea Plan standards consistent with a three-quarter minimum street standard for the full length of the block face. For the subject site, this would require three-quarter improvements for the full length of the block faces. The project would install six-foot sidewalks with 4.5-foot landscaping strips. The Astor Street frontage would also be improved, either through a City public project or by the Applicant. The facility is designed to provide all interim housing functions, including queuing for

- check-in inside the building and outside the public sidewalk and right-of-way. Findings 5, 6, 7, 10 through 17, 43, 44, 45, 46, and 51 through 69.
- c. The proposal would not change the use of the property that has been in place since the mid-1970s. In establishing a use that is allowed in the Commercial zone through conditional use review, and in providing three commercial spaces fronting W. Holly Street, the proposal is consistent with the essential character of the neighborhood. Of note, Old Town Subarea Plan policies support a mix of residential and commercial uses and require ground floor commercial on W. Holly Street. A design review permit has been approved, ensuring that the aesthetic presentation and functional design of the structure as it engages with the fronting rights-of-way would be consistent with existing and planned neighborhood character. Findings 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 through 17, 43, 44, 45, 46, and 51 through 69.
- d. The redeveloped property would continue to be served by City water, sanitary, and storm sewer facilities. As conditioned, construction of the new building would require all utility connections and service extensions to be consistent with current code. Nothing in the record would support a conclusion that the project cannot be adequately served by public facilities and utilities. Findings 10 through 18, 26, 31, 41, 43, 45, 46, and 51 through 69.
- e. In primarily serving a population known to have a lower rate of vehicle ownership, the proposal would not create excessive vehicular congestion on the surrounding road network. The Applicant's assertion that guests of the shelter have a low rate of vehicle ownership was challenged in public comment; however, no evidence was submitted that would support a conclusion that the Applicant has underreported the numbers of shelter guests who own vehicles. Other uses allowed in the zone, including multifamily residential and retail commercial uses, would generate higher rates of vehicle traffic. The site is served by transit. As concluded above, the proposed 52 parking stalls would adequately serve the peak parking demand generated by the facility, subject to a condition requiring the Applicant to obtain additional parking stalls should it more shown to be required over time. Findings 10 through 16, 19 through 23, 26, 45, and 51 through 69.
- f. As proposed and conditioned, construction of the new building would be required to comply with International Building and Fire Codes as well as all other applicable City regulations. The new building would continue to be accessible by emergency services. The purpose of the proposed use is to provide safe shelter for persons currently living out in the open and help

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- them to access services needed to transition back into more permanent housing. Therefore, approval would reduce hazard to life, limb, or property resulting already existing in the community. Findings 10 through 17, 24, 41, and 51 through 69.
- g. Again, the proposal would not change the land use that has been operating on the subject property for more than 40 years. In building a new purpose-built structure to current codes, with all interim housing programming functions to occur inside the structure, the proposal would not present influences that are detrimental to the surrounding neighborhood as are contemplated in conditional use criteria. Designated smoking areas are proposed to be limited to the elevated outdoor decks. Some noise from outdoor use (people in conversation) is anticipated, but is not expected to exceed noise that would be associated with other residential or mixed uses. The outdoor spaces are oriented towards W. Holly Street and away from surrounding residential uses. Lighting would be required to be downlit, shielded, and low intensity. Mechanical equipment and trash enclosures would be required to be screened to reduce visual impacts. As conditioned, the proposal would not generate impacts greater than those associated with previous or current uses on and around the subject property. Findings 10 through 46 and 51 through 69.
- h. No known natural, scenic, or historic features of major consequence exist on or around the site, and none would be impacted by the proposal. Finding 47.

DECISIONS

Based on the preceding findings and conclusions, the requested conditional use permit to allow the development of a large interim housing facility with 300 permanent beds to be operated by Lighthouse Mission Ministries at 910 W. Holly Street, Bellingham, Washington is **APPROVED** subject to the following conditions:

The operators shall comply with the requirements of BMC 20.15A and the

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conditions including, for example:

- a. Violation(s) of any conditions of approval (which cannot be immediately remedied by the operators) that present a significant adverse risk to the health or safety of staff, guests, visitors, and/or the general public.
- b. Failing to ensure that an on-site supervisor is present at all times, as required by the municipal code and this permit.
- c. Failing to enforce the approved code of conduct or otherwise failing to control unacceptable behaviors occurring within the interim housing facility.
- d. Failing to provide regulatory agencies or approved social service agency personnel access to the program site to ensure compliance with Washington State laws and regulations, the Bellingham Municipal Code (BMC), and Whatcom County Health Department regulations.
- e. Refusing to provide program participant information when an emergency occurs requiring emergency response action.
- f. Criminal conduct, or any series of events from the use that the Chief of Police or Fire Chief deem to be a danger to the interim housing facility and/or within the boundaries of the Shelter Protection Zone, including calls for service regarding assaults, disorderly behavior, or illegal substance use.
- g. Demonstrated inability of the operator's staff to operate the interim housing facility consistent with BMC 20.15A, the interim housing facility application, and the conditions of approval.
- 2. The interim housing facility shall be limited to the following number of overnight guests (excluding staff and volunteers): a maximum of 200 beds for low-barrier dormitories, and a maximum of 100 beds for specialized microshelters. An additional 100 beds shall only be used per BMC 20.15.100 during adverse life-threatening weather or other declared natural disasters or public emergencies when the interim facility's low-barrier shelter is at capacity. The operators may not increase the number of guests served without submitting a new application.
- 3. As adopted by the City Council, a Shelter Protection Area (SPA) established around the new facility intended to protect the facility's guests and operations and help mitigate potential impacts on nearby businesses and residences shall be implemented and enforced by the Applicant. The SPA would be subject to the

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29 30 restrictions and prohibitions set forth in BMC 10.25.070.B and BMC 11.33.060.A(40).

- To improve communication with business owners and residents and to ensure 4. responsiveness to off-site issues in the immediate neighborhood, Lighthouse Mission Ministries (LMM) shall maintain dedicated staffing to focus on implementing the "Good Neighbor Programs" and responding to operational concerns raised by both businesses and residents associated with the use. Prior to occupancy, the contact information for the staff contact shall be made available on LMM's website and distributed by LMM to property owners, residents, and business owners within 500 feet of the Site boundary. NOTE: The staff person should not be contacted for matters that may pose a threat or are associated with an illegal activity. In those cases, please call 911.
- 5. Lighthouse Mission Ministries has proposed to form a Neighborhood Advisory Group. The Advisory Group, similar to other boards and committees that are used by not-for-profit groups to advise on their operations, has been framed to identify potential issues and solutions associated with the day-to-day operation of the interim housing facility. Although not a City committee or board, City staff will participate in the Advisory Group meetings upon request. The operation of the Advisory Group is at the sole discretion of Lighthouse Mission Ministries.
- The proposed staffing levels shall be the minimum required. It shall be the 6. responsibility of the operator to rely on additional trained volunteers and/or professional partner agencies to operate the facility per the proposed operations plan and conditions herein or increase staffing levels as necessary.
- 7. The operators shall provide at least 51 parking stalls within a ¼ mile walking distance to serve the facility. At least six months before the end of any lease term(s) for proposed off-site parking, the operator shall submit documentation of a lease extension. Alternatively, and based on an analysis of the facility's parking demand, the Planning Director may require additional off-site parking to be secured or allow the number of stalls to be reduced, unless the applicant can demonstrate the off-site stalls are no longer needed.
- 8. Operators' staff shall be physically present at the facility and ensure on-site supervision of guests at all times. To ensure responsiveness to health and safety threats, operators shall provide contact information (24-hour accessible phone contact) for the designated point-of-contact to the City and the patrol operations

health partners on needed updates to operations. Additional security measures may be identified by the City or the operators during the operation of the

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1	22.	All individuals and facility operations shall adhere to up-to-date Whatcom County Health Department and State of Washington guidance related to
2		COVID-19 and/or any communicable disease, especially as it pertains to congregate living. Up-to-date guidance and information shall be posted in a visible location on site at all times.
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5	23.	The operators shall remain the responsible party for ensuring safety, security and compliance with permit requirements and will implement strategies in
6		concert with appropriate community partners for support. The operators shall also cooperate with the Bellingham Police Department, for appropriate access and coordination.
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9	permits p immedia and/or Fi circumst	The operators shall obtain all necessary Building, Fire, and Health Department permits prior to occupancy of the interim housing facility. The operators shall immediately cease operation of the facility should the City's Building Official and/or Fire Marshal and/or Whatcom County Health Department determine that circumstances associated with the issued permits have changed (and are
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13		irremediable) and that there is a threat to human life, health, and safety.
14	25.	In the event the City closes the interim housing facility for cause, operators'
15		staff and guests shall be provided no less than a 72-hour notice to vacate the
16		site.
17	26. The City shall review and approve any subsequent of Plan. The operations plan shall be substantially conplan submitted with the permit application.	The City shall review and approve any subsequent changes to the Operations
18		Plan. The operations plan shall be substantially consistent with the preliminary plan submitted with the permit application.
19		
20	u W P re	If substantiated complaints regarding impacts to the neighborhood from the use(s) are received by the Planning and Community Development Department, which cannot be mutually resolved between the City and the operator, the PCDD Director or operator may request a hearing with the Hearing Examiner to review additional conditions to protect public health and safety.
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24	available to the operators' staff, volunteers, guests, and visitors up	A copy of this permit shall be posted in a conspicuous place on site and made
25		available to the operators starr, votaliteers, guests, and visitors upon request.
26	29. There are no third-party beneficiaries to this permit. responsibility for enforcing these permit conditions.	There are no third-party beneficiaries to this permit. The City has sole
27		responsibility for emorcing these permit conditions.
28	DECIDED July 27, 2022.	
29		
20		OFFICE OF THE HEARING EXAMINE

BELLINGHAM HEARING EXAMINER

Sharon Rice

OFFICE OF THE HEARING EXAMINER

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